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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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TONIGHT & TOMORROW
CABARET DINNER DANCE
(Full Cabaret)
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CABARET TEA DANCE
(7 to 9 p.m.)
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India Opens Case Against Pakistan

KASHMIR ISSUE IN U. N. O. COUNCIL

AYYANGAR CATALOGUES INSTANCES OF AID TO AND ABETMENT OF RAIDERS

LAKE SUCCESS, Jan, 15, (Reuter): Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, presenting India's case on the Kashmir issue before the U.N.O. Security Council, declared:

'I have very strongly to urge on behalf of my Government that not merely urgency but immediacy should characterise the action that should, as a result of your consideration, be recommended in the present situation.

'I wish it had been possible to settle between ourselves with perfect friendliness and in a generous spirit of give and take our differences in relation to this problem in the same way as we have done and are doing it) the case of many others".

NEGOTIATIONS PROVE OF NO AVAIL

Mr. Ayyangar told the Council that towards the end of the third week of last November "an all out effort was launched by Pandit Nehru in which the Prime Minister of Pakistan co-operated up to a point for effecting an overall amicable settlement between the two countries in respect of all outstanding major points of controversy. Agreement was reached with willing and free consent in respect even of some of the most intricate matters which had until then baffled solution.

"On Kasnmir issue alone, however, though good progress was made and a settlement was almost in sight at one stage, negotiations finally broke down almost solely as a result of the attitude adopted by the Pakistan Government in declining, except under conditions impossible to accept, to do what under any view or right international conduct it is its obligation to do.

"No one with a knowledge of the course of these negotiations could fail to have been impressed by the transparent good faith, sincerity and honesty of our endeavour to reach a settlement, and that a settlement would have been reached but for the intransigence and lack of adequate confidence and courage in dealing with their own people which the Government of Pakistan unfortunately exhibited in this connection.

GRAVE SITUATION

"The situation in Jammu and Kashmir State is grave today. It is growing graver with every day—thanks to the difficult nature of the country where a sanguinary fight is progressing in wintry weather conditions. Even so, the situation need not be a concern to us if we handle it in an exclusively military way and deal with the invaders and raiders in the way they deserve to be dealt with and in the manner in which under other circumstances, we would not have hesitated to deal with them.

"Such handling in the present case might, involve risks of armed conflict with our neighbour and with due regard to the principles we have subscribed to as a member of the United Nations, we would like to exhaust every possible resource for avoiding war, particularly war with people of a neighbouring State with whom centuries of common living, culture and tradition incline us, in spite of ephemeral recent happenings, to continue and develop the ties that bind us together."

CHOICE BEFORE KASHMIR

Mr. Ayyangar traced the history of Kashmir upto August 15, 1947, when the Indian Independence Act came into force and "Jammu and Kashmir like other states became free to decide whether she would accede to one or other of the two Dominions or remain independent. It was, however, expected that the State would as a matter of course enter into relationship with one or other of the Dominions, having regard to her geography and history, her economic interests and the wishes of her population.

"India was, of course, vitally interested in the decision that the State might take regarding accession. Kashmir, because of her geographical position, with her frontiers marching with countries like the Soviet Union and

(Continued on Page 5)

PAKISTAN DEMANDS ADJOURNMENT

LAKE SUCCESS, Jan. 15. (Reuter): As predicted, Pakistan proposed adjournment of the United Nations debate on Kashmir in the Security Council tonight after Mr. N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, Indian spokesman, had put to the Council India's case against Pakistan.

The Security Council adjourned the Kashmir debate until 7-30 p.m. G.M.T. tomorrow, (i.e., 1 a.m. I.S.T. Saturday).

FABRICATING EVIDENCE FOR U. N. O.!

Acting Kashmir Administrator's Charge Against Raiders

NEW DELHI, Jan. 15. (A. P. I.): Bakshi Ghulam Mohammed, acting head of the Kashmir and Jammu Emergency Administration, today expressed strong resentment at reports regarding the possibility of partition of Kashmir and said that the people of the State would not submit to partition under any circumstances.

"We of the National Conference and the citizens of Jammu and Kashmir know nothing about any such proposal. In any case, we are not prepared to yield to any demand for partition whether it comes from the U.N.O. or Pakistan or even from the Government of India. Kashmir cannot be partitioned. We have had enough of partition in India.

"Kashmir is one, it must remain one and will remain one".

He expressed confidence that in any plebiscite the Kashmir National Conference would win "overwhelmingly" and described the morale of the people as "excellent".

RAIDERS' PLANS

Bakshi Ghulam Mohammed said that the raiders were reported to be preparing for a large-scale offensive in the third week or towards the end of this month.

They made no distinction between Hindus and Muslims in the matter of looting their property, abducting women and burning houses. Sixty thousand to seventy thousand refugees from the "occupied" areas of Jammu had been given shelter in Jammu city, and they included Muslims as well as Hindus.

Now that the Kashmir issue was before the Security Council, the raiders were even reported to be burning houses in some border areas inside Pakistan itself to create "evidence against India for any Commission that the Security Council might send."

Mirza Mohammed Afazal Baig, Emergency Officer, Southern Region, Jammu and Kashmir, spoke feelingly about the help local Muslims had at great personal risk, rendered to Hindus in the areas held by the raiders. Kashmir Muslims, he said, refused to recognise the so-called "conversions" of Hindus made under the raiders' compulsion and had already enabled many to return to the Hindu fold.

PAKISTAN TO RELEASE 90 AIRCRAFT FOR INDIA?

(From A Corespondent)

NEW DELHI Jan. 15:

It is understood the Pakistan Government has now agreed to release ninety aircraft lying at Karachi for the Indian Dominion, and most of them are on way to India. The shifting is expected to be completed in 4 or 6 weeks.

Pakistan initially created some difficulties and delayed the release.

Royal Pakistan Navy

KARACHI, Jan. 15 (API): Three more ships of the Royal Pakistan Navy H.M.P.S. "Narbada", the flagship, H.M.P.S. "Shamsher", a frigate, and H.M.P.S. "Hindusten", a sloop, have reached Karachi from Bombay.

The only Pakistan ship now left in India is H.M.P.S. "Malwa", which is also expected in Karachi.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH
New York, Jan. 15.

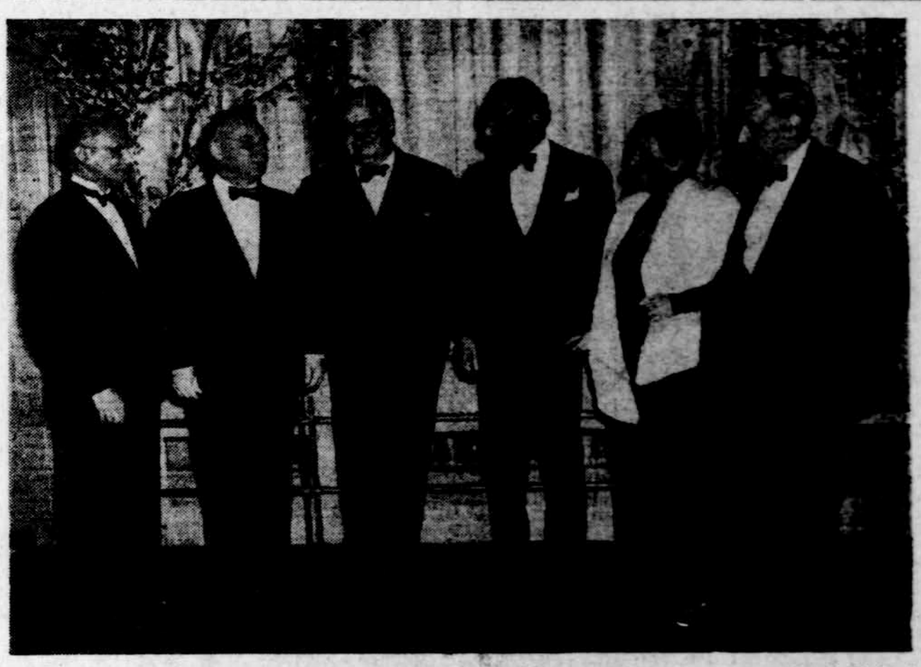
Previous Closing	35.70
Today's Opening	35.62
Difference	—8
Today's Closing	35.67
Difference	—3

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
New York, Jan. 15.

Opening Prices:
Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted
General Motors 56-3/8
United States Steel Common 76-1/8
Preference 140.

LAST QUOTATIONS

	Rs.	As.
Cotton Jarila Jan.	529	4
Cotton Jarila March	516	0
Silver Bullion	167	0
Gold Forward	106	9
Sovereign	67	12



Speakers at the tenth anniversary meeting of the India League of America held at New York on Jan. 6, (l. to r.): Hemendra K. Rakhit, Secretary, India League of America, Richard J. Walsh, Chairman, Executive Committee of the League; Dr. Henry F. Grady, U.S. Ambassador to India; Sirdar J. J. Singh, President, India League; Pearl Buck, Roger N. Baldwin, Director, American Civil Liberties Union

Mahatma Loses Weight & Is Weaker

Nation's Efforts To Avert Calamity

Nawab Of Chattari Contacts Top-Ranking Leaders

NEW DELHI, Jan. 15, (A.P.I.): A health bulletin issued at 4.30 p.m. today under the signatures of Doctors B. C. Roy, M. D. D. Gilder, Jivraj Mehta and Sushila Nayyar says:—'Today is the third day of Gandhiji's fast. He is naturally losing weight. The weakness has considerably increased. He had to be carried out of the bathroom in an armed chair this morning. The voice is feeble. Acetone bodies have appeared in the urine. He is still able to drink plain hot water in sufficient quantity.

"We once again request friends and the public not to disturb him by seeking interviews and 'Darshan'.

CHATTARI IN TOUCH WITH LEADERS

ALIGARH, Jan. 15 (API): The Nawab of Chattari expressed to the press today "grave concern" at Mahatma Gandhi's fast and incidentally disclosed that he was in communication with topranking leaders with a view to devising suitable measure for creating an atmosphere conducive to early termination of the fast.

He stated that Mahatma's life must be saved at all costs if free India was to face the world with pride and with her head erect. No effort should be considered too great for achiving this object. The Nawab added that an intensive campaign for peace and goodwill should be launched in the country forthwith. Public meetings should be organised with the object of establishing friendly relations between the various communities and telegrams be sent to Mahatma Gandhi assuring him of the people determination to forget the past and live in future like good brothers and godfearing neighbours.

NO DIFFERENCES WITH SARDAR

NEW DELHI, Jan. 15. (A. P. I.): On the third day of his fast, Mahatma Gandhi is growing weak and was

(Continued on Page 5)

INDIA DECIDES TO PAY PAKISTAN 55 CRORES

NEW DELHI, January 15.

The Government of India have decided to implement immediately the financial agreement with Pakistan in regard to the cash balances "to remove the one cause of suspicion and friction" between Pakistan and India.

"This decision", says a communique issued by the Prime Minister's Secretariat late tonight "Is the Government's contribution", to the best of their ability, to the non-violent and noble effort made by Gandhiji, in accordance with the glorious traditions of this great country, for peace and goodwill".

TEXT OF COMMUNIQUE

Following is the text of the communique:—

"The Government of India have fully clarified their position in regard to the financial settlement arrived at between them and the Government of Pakistan. They have declared that they abide by that settlement, but that the implementation of it, in regard to the cash btlances, must be considered as a part of an overall settlement of outstanding questions in issue between India and and Pakistan. They regret that the Finance Minister of the Pakistan Government should have advanced arguments which are unsupported by facts and which they cannot accept. The factual position has been clearly stated in the statements issued by the Deputy Prime Minister and the Finance Minister of the Government of India. The facts and arguments contained in these statements represent the deliberate and unanimous opinion of the Cabinet. They regret that the Finance Minister of the Pakistan Government should have again challenged these incontrovertible facts which justify fully the position taken up by the Government of India both on legal and other grounds

The Government have, however, shared the world-wide anxiety over the fast undertaken by Gandhiji, the Father of the Nation. In common with him they have anxiously searched for ways and means to remove ill-will, prejudice and suspicion, which have poisoned the relations of India and Pakistan. Impelled by the earnest desire to help in every way open to them in the object which Gandhiji has at heart, the Government have sought for some tangible and striking contribution to the movement for ending the physical suffering of the nation's soil and to turn the nation's mind from the present distemper bitterness and suspicion to constructive and creative effort The Government are anxious to remove as far as possible without detriment to the national good, every cause which leads to friction between India and Pakistan.

In view of the appeal made by Gandhiji to the nation, the Government have decided to remove the one cause of suspicion and friction between the two States which consistently with national honour and interest, it is in their power to remove. They make this spontaneous gesture in the earnest hope that it will be appreciated in the spirit in which it is made and that it will hedp in producing an atmosphere of goodwill for which Gandhiji is suffering crucifixion of the flesh and thereby lead this great servant of the nation to end his fast

(Continued on Page 5)

Delhi Muslims Meet Gandhiji

NEW DELHI Jan. 15 (API): A number of prominent Muslims of Delhi including Maulana Ahmad Sahid Vice-President and Mr. Hifzur Rahman, General Secretary of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema Hind and Maulana Habibur Rahmas saw Mahatma Gandhi today and urged him to give up the fast.

Nehru Disapproves Talk Of War

'But Govt. Is Prepared For All Eventualities'

NEW DELHI, Jan. 15 (API): The Prime Minister, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, told a "Peace Rally" today that "the loss of Mahatma Gandhi's life would mean the loss of India's soul because he is the embodiment of India's spiritual power".

Pt. Nehru, who was addressing about 10,000 people—Hindus, Muslims and Sikhs—appealed to them to maintain communal harmony and gave Mahatma Gandhi's life.

ASSURANCE TO REFUGEES

The Prime Minister was cheered when he announced that besides other relief measures, the Government would arrange for the accommodation of every refugee in Delhi within a week.

Pt. Nehru said that he disapproved of all talk of war between the two Dominions and in his opinion there was no immediate possibility of such war, though the Government of India, as it should be, was prepared for all eventualities.

NEHRU CONFIDENT

"I assure you that in case there is a war, not one soldier of the enemy will be allowed to step into the Indian territory".

ARBITRAL TRIBUNAL

India And Pakistan Withdraw References

NEW DELHI, Jan. 15. (A.P.I.): The Arbitral Tribunal today received written notices from the Partition Council for India and Pakistan and the Joint Defence Council withdrawing all references submitted by them to the Tribunal.

BENGAL DIFFERENCES

The Tribunal is continuing to hear submissions on behalf of the parties on references 1 and 2 from the Bengal Separation Council, and in addition is hearing submissions on references three and four, the subject matter of which are certain financial liabilities of the Governor of Bengal on August 14, 1947, and the basis of valuation of certain specified assets. Hearings will continue tomorrow.

A.I.C.C. TO MEET AT DELHI ON FEB. 21

NEW DELHI, Jan. 15. (A.P.I.): It is announced that the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee will be held on February 21 and 22. The venue of the meeting will be announced later.

Raiders Spare Neither Hindus Nor Muslims

Raja Of Namlah Says Pakistan Radio's' Islamic Army' Is A Loot And Pillage Party

SRINAGAR, Jan. 15, (A.P.I.): 'We have seen enough of Pakistan. Islam has been very inaptly represented by these 'Mujahids' who have exploited religion to their own ends. Let Mr. Jinnah or any of his lieutenants come and see for himself the incalculable amount of havoc and devastation wrought in this fair valley of Kashmir by these 'friends' of Islam,' says Raja Mohammad Afzal Khan, Raja of N amblah (Uri), in a statement.

INVITATION TO OBSERVERS

He adds: "I shall be ready to give them eye-witness accounts and living testimonials of loot, arson, rape and plunder perpetuated by these so-called 'Azad Kashmir Forces'. I invite Mr. Abdul Qayyum, Premier of N. W. F. P., to see for himself the fruits of his 'labour'. Let all observers come and see how the fair name of Islam has been exploited for ulterior ends and how the poor Muslims of Kashmir have been rendered homeless and destitute by these raiders"

Raja Mohd Afzal Khan was one of the victims of the indiscriminate loot.

'LOOT AND PILLAGE PARTY'

Recalling his meeting with Maj. Khurshid Anwar, the Raja said: "I was summoned to appear before the 'Dirdar' whom I later knew to be Maj. Khurshid Anwar.

"I represented to the Major that the Radio Pakistan's 'Islamic Army' had turned out to be a well-organised loot and pillage party bent on converting Kashmir into a desert.

"I gave him the full details of my predicament and went on to express my impressions when I was cut short by the Major's argument about the 'Mujahids' not being a paid army.

"The Major later on expressed great indignation at my having given shelter to some Hindus and Sikhs. I defended my action by reference to the Holy Quran and the life of the Holy Prophet, but this did not satisfy the infuriated Major sahib who again demanded with a highly dictatorial tone the cause of my having given shelter to 'Kafirs'.

QURAN AVAILETH NOT

"Finding reference to the Holy Quran and Prophet of no avail before this head of 'the Islamic Army', I confessed my 'guilt' and 'thus saved myself from humiliation at the hands of the Major".

'FANATICAL GANGSTERS'

Referring to indiscriminate murder of Hindus, Muslims and Sikhs by the raiders whom he described as "fanatical gangsters', Raja Afzal Khan says: "Some of the Hindus to whom I had given shelter were hunted out and kidnopped by these depraved raiders after large sums of money had been looted from them.

MUSLIMS WERE NOT SPARED. VILLAGES LIKE NAMBALAM, BALAKOT, GARKOT, SALIKOT, SAHURA AND HATHLANGA WITH 100 PER CENT. MUSLIM POPULATION WERE LOOTED AND TOTALLY BURNT WITHOUT EXCEPTION".

R.I.A.F. BOMBS RAIDERS

NEW DELHI, Jan. 15. (API). The Defence Ministry Communique on Kashmir tonight said, "Aircraft of the Royal Indian Air Force bombed raiders' concentrations on the Uri-Muzaffarabad Road. "Tempest aircraft also destroyed four raiders' vehicles seen on the road.

"Our artillery dispersed raiders near Uri.

"Some of our pickets using light machineguns and mortars put to flight a band of raiders trying to cross the Samba-Kathua road."

Arab League And Kashmir

KARACHI, Jan. 15. (API): No note from the Arab League Council offering mediation in the dispute between India and Pakistan over Kashmir has yet been received by the Government of Pakistan, it was reliably learned here today.

STOP PRESS

'BATTLE OF SETTLEMENTS'

JERUSALEM, Jan. 15 (Reuter): The "battle of the settlements" flaring up throughout Palestine continued today when 100 armed Arab hillmen made a dawn attack on the Jewish settlement of Neve Eilan, 15 miles west of Jerusalem which was built recently by Jews who fought with the French Maquis during the war.

R.A.F. PLANE FIRED ON

JERUSALEM, Jan. 15 (Reuter): A Jewish plane fired on a Royal Air Force Aircraft over the Hebron area. It was officially reported today.

SEA BORNE TROOPS FOR CHINA'S DEFENCES

NANKING, Jan. 15 (Reuter): Seaborne troops of the Chinese Government Army were today racing from Shantung Province across the Gulf of Pechihli to strengthen Government defences in North China, near the Manchurian border, reports reachin here said

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The Directors take this opportunity of thanking the constituents of the Bank for their continued patronage which has enabled the Bank to achieve its present position of strength and security.

YODHRAJ.
Chairman & General Manager.

Move For New Pentangular

Asian Cricket Conference To Be Held In March

NEW DELHI, Jan. 13 (A.P.I.)—Mr. A. S. de Mello, President of the Board of Control of Cricket in India, in a statement today, suggests a cricket tournament of representative teams from India, Pakistan, Ceylon, Burma and Malaya to replace the Bombay Pentangular.

Mr. de Mello says that he has written to the Indian diplomatic envoys in the countries concerned to help him to get in touch with cricket authorities with the object of convening an Asian Cricket Conference in March.

He added: "A cricket festival to replace the Bombay Pentangular is a subject that has been occupying my thoughts for the past several months. In a statement issued during my last visit to Bombay, I outlined a scheme for a new type of Pentangular between representative teams from India, Pakistan, Ceylon, Burma and Malaya, to be held on the Brabourne Stadium in Bombay as a regular fixture.

"As a preliminary to the holding of this tournament I felt that it would be advisable to convene an Asian Cricket Conference, and with this end in view, I have written to the Indian diplomatic envoys in the countries concerned to seek their help and guidance in putting me in touch with the proper cricket authorities. I am hoping that it will be possible to hold this conference in March so that the inaugural session of the tournament may be held next winter. It is possible that delegates from Australia and New Zealand may be invited to the conference as observers.

AIMS OF CONFERENCE

"The aims of the conference will be firstly to establish a permanent oraganisation for the development of cricket in the area: secondly, to arrange an annual or biennial championship between the five countries at Bombay: thirdly to discuss arrangements for a regular interchange of visits: and lastly to work out the financial problems which these ventures will entail.

"I am convinced that the proposed new tournament will in every way, be a worthy substitute for the old Pentangular."

I thank you once and all for all your excellent work and I am proud to convey to you the thanks and gratitude of the State and people of Pakistan.

SURPRISE FOR MR. GUPTA

LAUNESTON Jan. 15 (Reuter): Australian score boards are noted for their mass of detail including progressive figures of both batsmen and bowlers. Mr. Gupta, Manager of the Indian Touring Team and some of the players were surprised, today, when they were shown over the scoreboard here. In charge of the manipulation rollers was a lady who has officiated in that capacity for every first class match in Launceston since Jardine's team toured in 1932.

HASSETT AS VICE-CAPTAIN

ADELAIDE, Jan. 15. (Reuter): It was officially announced here today that Lindsay Hassett had been appointed Vice-Captain for Australia in the fourth Test match against India here.

Amarnath, First To Make 1,000 Runs This Season

Indians In Strong Position In Second Match Against Tasmania

SARWATE'S 135 INCLUDE 14 FOURS

(From DULEEPSINHJI, Reuter's Special Correspondent with the Indian touring team)

LAUNCESTON, (Tasmania), January 15 (Reuter): Amarnath and Sarwate played relentless, orthodox cricket here today and built up a big total. Amarnath gave a chance at the wicket early on, but this was his only blemish in a sound innings. He was severe with anything short, hooking and cutting square.

The Indian Captain is the first player to make a thousand runs this season.

SARWATE'S FIRST CENTURY

Sarwate with neat strokes made his first century of the tour and helped Amarnath place India in a strong position. The pair took no risks, playing every ball on its merit.

Hazare and Phadkar took heavy toll of the tired bowling later in the innings, playing some of the best strokes of the day.

DROPPED CATCHES

The mediocre Tasmanian bowling on a perfect wicket and fast outfield found little hope of beating the bat with the batsmen taking no risks. Three dropped catches made the bowlers task still further difficult.

Details

Amarnath chose to bat when he won the toss for the second time against Tasmania and opened with Sarwate and Irani on a fast wicket. The outfield was the fastest encountered on the tour so far. Tasmania fielded the same team as that beaten at Hobart except that Rodwell replaced Diprose.

Murfett, aided by a wind of half gale force and Richardson bowled steadily.

Tasmania met with a quick success, for with only five runs on the board, Irani who had made several good strokes was caught behind the stumps on the leg side, while attempting to glance Murfett.

However, Amarnath joined Sarwate and the pair, batting untroubled and sedately, sent up the fifty in just over an hour. Sarwate's best stroke was a pull off Richardson for four, while the Indian captain took fours off the same bowler with some fine straight drives to the on.

The medium pace men, Laver and Rodwell, displaced the opening attack, but did not trouble either batsmen, who cleverly placed their singles, particularly to the on. The scoring rate remained slow when the leg spinner, Walmsley, bowled into the wind and kept the ball well up.

Sarwate twice scored fours off Rodwell with neat late cuts and then hooked him safely over the fence to reach the forties before his captain.

LUNCH SCORE

At lunch the pair were still together with the total at ninety-two for one.

Amarnath by then had caught up with Sarwate, both batsmen being 44.

Interest after lunch centred on Amarnath, who then needed twenty to reach a thousand first class runs on the tour. The Indian captain concentrated on the task which he achieved when 64 made in two hours.

LALA AMARNATH .....Completed thousand runs.

His feat was loudly applauded by the crowd. (Bradman needs 77 runs to complete his thousand runs this season).

Meanwhile Sarwate had been driving and pulling freely and had raced Amarnath into the fifties and sixties. The Tasmanian bowling was still steady though lacking in real venom, while the fielding was faulty.

NEW BALL

When the new ball was called for at 166 after the forty-first over, the rate of scoring accelerated. Sarwate was the first to reach the hundred—his first of the tour—and took the total to 200 in 172 minutes. It was Sarwate's finest innings of the tour and he chose the right ball to hit and timed his cuts and pulls splendidly. His century included 12 fours.

Amarnath reached his century—his fifth of the tour—four overs later. The only flaw up to then had been a chance to the wicket-keeper when 8 off Murfett's bowling.

TEA SCORE

At tea, the score was 224 for one with Sarwate 113 and Amarnath 103.

Amarnath and Sarwate continued to command the bowling after the tea. When 118, Amarnath was nearly caught and bowled by Laver. The partnership of 253 made in three and a half hours ended when Sarwate was caught at the wicket off Richardson. His chanceless, correct and attractive innings included 14 fours. Amarnath limped between the wickets as a result of several cracks on the pads, but his stroking was unaffected and he continued to drive powerfully when Hazare entered.

1071 IN 14 INNINGS

Amarnath's fine innings ended when playing forward to Walmsley, he was beaten by the turn and was bowled. His 135, which included 9 fours, brought his aggregate of the tour to 1,071 in 14 completed innings and was made in 10 minutes under four hours.

Gul Mahomed and Hazare continued to take advantage of the tired attack until Mahomed was caught at the wicket attempting to cut Walmsley with the total at 318.

The score went from 300 to 350 in half an hour with Phadkar batting soundly and Hazare making his usual graceful cuts, drives, pulls and glances. The Indians were in a strong position at the close with the total at 373 for four. Hazare had made 55 in 70 minutes, while Phadkar had been at the wicket 24 minutes while scoring 32.

The wicket was still in a good condition when stumps were drawn.

SCORE BOARD

INDIA (FIRST INNINGS)

Sarwate c Alexander b Richardson	128
Irani c Alexander b Murfett	3
Amarnath b Walmsley	135
Hazare (not out)	55
Gul Mahomed c Alexander b Walmsley	14
Phadkar (not out)	32
Extras (byes 4 legbyes 1 noballs 1)	6
Total (for 4 wickets)	373

FALL OF WICKETS: one for 5 2 for 258 three for 284 4 for 318.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:

	O	M	R	W
Murfett	19	1	86	1
Richardson	21	1	80	1
Laver	14	0	74	0
Rodwell	6	0	32	0
Walmsley	19	0	95	2

All Pakistan Football Federation

KARACHI, Jan. 15. (A.P.I.): The following are the office-bearers of the All Pakistan Football Federation for the year 1948.

President: Major Mian Khurshid Anver, Vice President: Kh. Nuruddin, Anwar Ali, K. S. Adham Khan and K. A. Khalil Khan.

General Secretary: Abdur Rashid Mirza, Asst. General Secretary A. G. Mirza, Hony. Treasurer Kh. Riza Ahmad.

Quaid-I-Azam Mohammad Ali Jinnah, Governor-General of Pakistan has consented to become the Patron-in-Chief of the Federation.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

An Interesting Point Of Law & Sportsmanship

(BY J. C. MAITRA)

An interesting point of law and sportmanship arose in the "Times of India" Shield match between Tata Sports and Trade Marks last weekend. It so happpened that Shankar, one of Tata's star players, did not turn up on Saturday. A substitute fielded for him throughout the day. Shankar arrived on the following day and scored 73 not out, which incidentally helped Tatas to win the match.

Now the question is whether a player can stay away from the field the whole day and then bat the next day? Can the opposing side object to the absentee player batting in such a case? And can they insist on the substitute batting instead?

WHAT THE RULES SAY

The rules distinctly lay down that the teams should be named before the toss, a substitute may be allowed to field with the consent of the opposing captain, when a player falls ill or is injured during the game, but he must not bat or bowl.

It seems, therefore, that Tatas could take a substitute to field for Shankar "with the consent of the skippper of Trade Marks". Of course this was not objected to. If it was prevented, Tatas would have to field with only ten men. For fear of being labelled unsporting, no captain would dare to object to it.

But was it right on the part of Tata's skipper to include a player who was not present on the ground and was not likely to put in an appearance the whole day?

UNFAIR ADVANTAGE

Having regard to the fact that Shankar was neither ill nor injured during the game, Tatas had no right to claim a substitute. But having given them the permission to have one, Trade Marks could not prevent Shankar from batting on the following day, as he was among the players named in the team nor could they insist on the substitute batting in his place as, according to the rules, a substitute cannot bat or bowl.

There is no gain saying, however, that Tatas gained an unfair advantage over their opponents by adopting the method mentioned above. Of course, they saw the risk of losing a batsmen, had Shankar failed to turn up on Sunday. Presumably they had no doubts about that.

DEFINITE RULE NEEDED

Unfortunately, the law does not say how long a substitute can field. It has been purposely left to exigencies of the situation and the sporting spirit of the teams concerned.

Still I think it needs to be clearly laid down that no substitute should be allowed at the beginning of a match.

If that is not done, a good batsman, but a bad fielder, may be replaced by a good fielder as it happened in the match in question, who may come to bat fresh without taking the trouble of fielding. This is distinctly unfair to the opposite side and cause a lot of heart-burning among them.

In fact no fielder should be away from the field unless he falls ill or is injured during the game. But I have noticed, even during representative matches, some players avoid their fielding duties after batting for a couple of hours or so. This also is responsible.

U.P. Lawn Tennis Championship

LUCKNOW, Jan. 15. (A.P.I.): The U. P. Lawn Tennis Championship will begin here on January 19 under the auspices of the Oudh Gymkhana. Besides the two Swedish players, Lennart Bergelin and Torsten Johnson, who are touring India, majority of Indian tennis stars have intimated to the Managing Committee of their intention to take part in the tournament. They are Narendra Nath, Manmohan, Dalip Bose, Prem Pandhi, Irshad and Miss Khanna.

Sumant Misra, Mrs. Dayal and Mrs. Singh are also expected to participate in the tournament in its later stages.

The tournament was scheduled to begin on January 17 but the rain soaked courts have compelled the Committee to postpone it for two days.

"SERVANTS OF PEOPLE"

Kamte On New Status Of Indian Police

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Speaking at Green's Hotel this evening under the auspices of the Progressive Group, Mr. N. M. Kampte, Inspector-General of Police, stated that he and other high-ranking police officers, were doing their best to inculcate in the force, the need to recognise the changed conditions in India since August 15. While the police of the presidency, had been brought up in the old traditions and atmosphere, they were trying to adjust themselves to the new status of the country and respond to public opinion.

Even if the police were regarded as a mercenary force in the old days, today it was different and they were trying to behave like servants of the people.

In this connection, he regretted that public response to his appeals for contributing a better type of men, had so far not been very encouraging. The police, he said were working at great odds at present. Mr. Kampte stated that though the Government was highly co-operative there were difficulties in their way He said that more scientific methods of crime detection would be introduced in the force in the future.

Concluding, he appealed for public sympathy and understanding.

PRIZEFIGHTER WAIVES RIGHTS OF PRIVACY MOMENT HE ENTERS RING

U. S. Boxer's Injunction Suit Against Televisers Dismissed

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 15, (Reuter): A prizefighter waives his rights of privacy the minute he steps into a ring Superior Judge Frank G. Swain decided here, and that includes television.

Fabela Chavez had demanded an injunction to bar televising of his fight with Buddy Jacklick at Hollywood Legion Stadium on the ground that he would have a property interest, but the Judge dismissed his plea, remarking:

"A prizefight is an event of public interest and a fighter who appears as a participant in a boxing contest waives his right of privacy as to that contest. Unless a fighter in his contract reserves the television rights to the fight, the promoter owns those rights, because the promoter has the authority to say who may or who may not use a television camera on his private property".

The Judge pointed out that if, for example, the permission of all players in a football game was required to permit television broadcasting, by the same token authority would have to be obtained from "the water boy and everyone else who appeared on the field and perhaps members of the audience as well".

Chavez's attorney, Julius J. Covey, said an appeal would be preferred. He said the decision might have a wide effect on legal rights of participants in sporting events.

MALAYA WINS BADMINTON TEST

India Succumbs In Both Doubles Matches

CALCUTTA, Jan. 15 (API): Malaya won the Badminton International Test against India by five matches to two.

Today Malaya won both the Doubles matches and one Singles. Yesterday Malaya won two Singles.

India's wins were one Singles today and a Doubles yesterday.

The following are today's results:

Malaya won both the Doubles matches played today in the International Badminton Test.

Durai and Leong (Malaya) beat Sunil Bose and Monoj Guha (India) 7-15, 15-5, 15-11.

Samuel and Leong (Malaya) beat Lewis and Davinder Mohan (India) 17-14, 15-11.

Singles Matches: G. Lewis (India) beat Durai (Malaya) 15-10, 15-9.

Samuel (Malaya) beat Davinder Mohan (India) 5-15, 15-11, 15-9.

IMPROVEMENT IN HAJ SHIPPING

The Government of India have been considering the future policy to be followed regarding Hajj arrangements. The suspension of sailings during the years 1942-43 led to the accumulation of a large number of persons desiring to proceed on pilgrimage. When sailings were resumed in 1944 it was found that the booking of passages and preparation of sailing programmes required an elaborate organisation. The Government of India thereupon assumed responsibility for all sailing and booking arrangements.

With the improvement in shipping facilities, it is now felt that the present elaborate arrangements need not continue. In the coming season, the Government of India will divest itself of responsibility for booking arrangements but will endeavour to ensure that adequate shipping is available. Intending pilgrims should therefore submit their applications for passages direct to the shipping companies concerned.

SOHANLAL ELIMINATES KANTAWALA

PARSI GYMKHANA TEAM

BOMBAY, Thursday.

K. H. Kapadia and C. J. Cooper played good tennis to account for a useful combination of Tilwe and Sohanlal. The losers failed to combine quite effectively this evening and left many gaps which were exploited by the winners. Kapadia was the soundest of the four and although not always brilliant, played soundly.

But the most keenly contested match of the evening was the tie between Sohanlal and Kantawala. Sohanlal, the winner played steady tennis during the first 10 game which went with the service before breaking through to win two consecutive games and then set in the second set Kantawala could not offer much resistance and gathered only 3 games

THE RESULTS:

MEN'S SINGLES

Sohanlal beat Kantawala 7-5, 6-3; Tilwe beat C. J. Cooper 6-0, 6-0.

MEN'S DOUBLES

Kantawala and Petit beat Jain and Rodrigues 6-4, 6-4; Sutton and Ottman beat Bhagwat and D. G. Kapadia 6-1, 6-2; K. H. Kapadia and C. J. Cooper beat Tilwe and Sohanlal 6-4, 7-5; Mehta and Sanjana beat Mirchandani and Wadhwani 6-4, 6-3.

LADIES' SINGLES

Mrs. Stewart beat Mrs. Madhok 6-1, 6-3; Mrs. Jameson beat Miss Billimoria 6-0, 6-0; Mrs. Newlands beat Mrs. Mordani 6-2, 6-2.

LADIES' DOUBLES

Mrs. Bhavnani and Miss Hendricks beat Miss Holden and Miss Mane 6-2, 6-1.

MIXED DOUBLES

Mrs. Stewart and D. H. Kapadia beat Mrs. Desai and Sanghani 6-2, 6-2.

BOMBAY RACES

WINTER MEETING—13th DAY—SATURDAY—17th JANUARY, 1948

THE EVE CHAMPION CUP

DAY TICKETS:

1st Enclosures: Gentleman Rs. 5 0 0; Lady Rs. 3 0 0

2nd Enclosures: ..... Rs. 3 0 0

SEASON TICKETS:

Member ..... Rs. 80 0 0
Lady Member ..... Rs. 40 0 0
Non-Member ..... Rs. 80 0 0
Lady Non-Member Rs 40 0 0

RACING UNDER IDEAL CONDITIONS

The World's Greatest
SKIN REMEDY

Soothes, Purifies, Heals—
Renowned for over 50 years

ZAM-BUK purely herbal ointment is known the world over as the most successful treatment and quick antiseptic healer of all skin injuries and diseases.

The refined herbal oils in Zam-Buk are easily absorbed by the pores. They cleanse damaged or diseased skin tissues of attacking parasites or poison, and quickly banish pain, festering, inflammation, and swelling. Unpleasant discharge is dried up, and the skin is healed quickly and perfectly.

Zam-Buk is excellent for treatment of all skin injuries and diseases from pimples and rashes to serious cases of flesh-eating ulcers, psoriasis, eczema, bad legs and foot sores—keep a box always handy!

Use Zam-Buk

WORLD-FAMOUS HERBAL OINTMENT

Guaranteed Free from Animal Fat

Agents: Messrs. KEMP & CO., Ltd. P. O. Box 937, BOMBAY.

None but the brave deserves the fair. And Freedom is a fair maiden which embraces only a nation of brave souls. Our brave forefathers could enjoy real freedom because they had muscles of steel and will of iron to stand upto any adversary and against any adversity. Now that India's freedom has returned, our youngmen will be required not only to defend this fair land but also to make a heaven of it. But the unfortunate fact is that many of them are not equal to these tasks, are not really manly; many are physical and nervous wrecks, often presenting such symptoms as palpitation of the heart, loss of appetite, constipation, dyspepsia, headache, giddiness, insomnia, emaciation, mental depression, lethargy, burning sensation in the hands and feet and black patches round the eyes. These are pointers to a very grave malady which, if not treated in time, makes life unworthy of living. Sadhana's SUKRASANJIBAN, the Supreme Ayurvedic Medicinal Food, cures this malady and these symptoms in a short time. Age has proved that it adds strength to the muscles and force to the nerves and builds up manliness.

SUKRASANJIBAN

Adhyaksha—Dr. Jogesh Chandra Ghose, M.A., Ayurvedasastri, F.C.S. (London), M.C.S. (America), formerly Professor of Chemistry, Bhagalpur College.

SADHANA AUSADHALAYA-DACCA

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Applauded Nation's Beloved Leaders!
See & Hear Golden voiced SUBBULAKSHMI & RADHA in
MEERA
9th Week of Rush at
CENTRAL
Daily:— 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Adv. Booking: 10 to 12 & 4 to 6

It's Great — Magnificent KANU DESAI Productions
GITGOVIND
4th WEEK
MAJESTIC
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Booking 10 to 12 & 5 to 6
BROADWAY
Daily 4, 6-45 & 9-30
Booking 4 to 6

REGAL
(Air-Cooled & Comfortable)
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

3rd & FINAL WEEK!
Charlie CHAPLIN
IN
"MONSIEUR VERDOUX"
WARNING!
This Picture will NOT be screened in any other Theatre in Bombay during 1948.
Sunday Morning at 10.
MONSIEUR VERDOUX
at Reduced Rates:

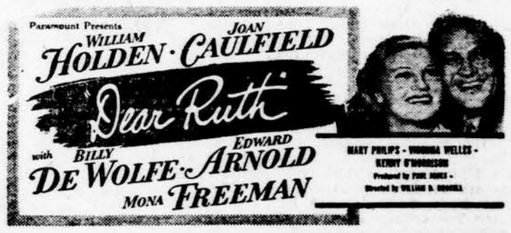
SUSHILA RANI
in AMAR'S
GVALAN
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
Sun., Matinee 1 p.m.
KRISHNA

13th WEEK
of Great Ovation
for Prakash Picture
Bhakta DHRUVA
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Sun. Mat. at 12-45
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
Booking: 9-30 to 12-30 & 3 to 6-30 p.m.
An EVERGREEN Release

2nd WEEK of CROWDS to see
FABULOUS TALE OF A CELESTIAL ROSE
In Central Studios' Lavish Hit!
GUL-BAKAVLI
Produced & Directed by:—
RUSTOM MODI
FIROZ DASTUR, SANOBER
RABAB & MENAKA
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
SUPER
Adv. Booking:— 9-30 to 11-30 a.m.

From TODAY!
CITY-LIGHT
Matunga (B.B.)
Daily: 1-15, 4, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m.
PRADEEP PICTURE
PANNA DAI
DURGA KHOTE, CHANDRAMOHAN
MONICA DESAI
INDIA'S NORTH-WEST FRONTIER
Features So Prominently In This Paramount's
Glorious Adventure Spectacle!
"THE LIVES OF A BENGAL LANCER"
Directed By: HENRY HATHAWAY
Starring:—
GARY COOPER, FRANCHOT TONE
Richard Cromwell and others.
From today FRIDAY 16th at:
EXCELSIOR
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
(Plans for Reservation 6 p.m.)

STRAND
2ND HILARIOUS WEEK!
Daily 3-15, 6-15, & 9-15 p.m.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WILLIAM HOLDEN · JOAN CAULFIELD
Dear Ruth
with BILLY DE WOLFE · EDWARD ARNOLD
MONA FREEMAN
MARY PHILIPS · VIRGINIA WELLES · KENNY O'MORRISON
Produced by PAUL JONES
Directed by WILLIAM D. RUSSELL

SUN. MORN. Show at 10-30.
OLIVIA DE HAVILLAND in "TO EACH HIS OWN"
at reduced rates.

OPENING TODAY AT 3-30 P.M.
NOW AT NEW
WEST END
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Sun. & Holidays at 1 p.m.
Advance Booking:
10 to 12 & 4 to 6 p.m.
(A Western I. T. Ltd. Release)
A Lovely Young Princess Defies Conventions - - - - !
—MEET HER—IN—
M. P. PRODUCTIONS' ROMANTIC DRAMA
"Raj-Laxmi"
Starring: Sweetest Singing Star—
KANANBALA
with CHHABI BISWAS, Pt. NATWAR, PURNIMA & others.

PREMIERE FRIDAY 23rd
—YOUR FAVOURITE STAR IN HER GREATEST ROLE SINCE "RATTAN"
J. M. R.'s Song-Studded Social
SHAM SAVERA
Direction: M. SADIQ
Songs: D. N. MADHOK
Music: AMARNATH
A DIAMOND Release
Starring: SWARNALATA, WASTI, SULOCHANA CHATTERJI, RAFIQ GAZNAVI
IMPERIAL

CITY & SUBURBS

TO-DAY

Hindu: Posh Shud 5, 2004
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 4, 1367
Parsi: Amardad 15, 1317
Sunrise: 7-15 a.m.
Sunset 6-22 p.m.

To-day's Engagements

DR. DASTURJI DHALLA'S LECTURE: Under the auspices of the Rahnumai Sabha Dr. Dasturji M. N. Dhalla, will deliver a lecture today (Friday), at 6-15 p.m. at the Anjuman Atashbeheram's Hall, Dhobitalao on "Nineteenth Century brought opportunities for Parsi prosperity, what are the ways of the twentieth century?"

KHALSA COLLEGE UNION: Annual Social Gathering at the College Ground. Prize Distribution and variety Entertainment Programme from 4 p.m. to-day (Friday), Sjt. Ganganvihari L. Mehta, President Indian Tariff Board will preside.

COMMISSIONER'S ROUND: The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of Ward No. 1, Upper Colaba Middle Lower Colaba, Fort, Southern will meet near Museum (Prince of Wales) to-day (Friday), at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.) to go round the Ward.

PROGRESSIVE GROUP: To-day (Friday), Mr. K. V. Kitson, High Commissioner for the United Kingdom, will speak on "The position of U. K. in New India", at Greens, at 6-15 p.m.

ALL-INDIA HARIJAN LEAGUE: A public meeting will be held to-day (Friday), at 7-30 p.m. in B.P.T. Chawl compound, Wadi Bunder, when Mr. Hussain Bhoy Lalji will preside and Bhagat Amin Chand, General Secretary of All-India Harijan League and Bhanji Bhai Rathod a Municipal Councillor will address.

MAJLIS-E-MUSLIM KHAWATIN-E-HIND, BOMBAY: The annual general meeting of the Majlis-e-Muslim Khawatin-e-Hind will be held to-day (Friday), at 2 p.m. in Nagpada Neighbourhood House Hall. Dilshad Beagm Shaikh will preside. There will also be an exhibition of articles prepared by the students of the Adult Education Class of the Majlis.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: "Spiritualism and Astral Shells" is the subject to be taken up for study to-day (Friday), at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain.

BOMBAY HOTEL KAMGAR UNION: Mr. M. Jafar, President, Bombay Hotel Kamgar Union writes: "It is over 3 months that the Union had placed the grievances and demands of the employees of the Cricket Club of India before the Club. Since then, the Labour Office as well as the Union have repeatedly drawn the attention of the Management to the need of an early redressal of their grievances. There is a growing discontent and impatience among the staff. We would appeal to the Management to do justice to the employees without delay and avert the crisis.

AZAD HIND MAHILA MANDAL: Nine Parcels of 125 Cotton clothes useful to all and 2 bales of 92 woollen Blankets have been already sent to Delhi by above mandal (118, Bhailal Bhuwan, New Chinch Bunder Rd. Mandvi Bombay, 9) received Rs. 500/- in cash by way of donations from individuals from which the said woollen blankets were purchased. This union of ladies conducts its regular classes for importing training in sewing knitting, embrodering Small industries and also giving practical knowledge of education so useful in day today life of women at present.

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE: The adjourned meeting of the Schools Committee will be held today (Friday,) at 3-45 p.m. (B.T.), at the Corporation Hall.

HINDUSTAN MAZDOOR SEVAK SANGH: Lecture on Trade Union of India by Sri. P. R. Lele today (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. at Hindustan Mazdoor Sevak Sangh, Congress House.

STALL-HOLDERS' MEETING: A general meeting of the Stall-Holders of A.I.A.I. Exhibition will be held at its Office situated at Athavale Products 1st Bhatwadi, Girgaon today (Friday) at 6-30 p.m.

EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS: An exhibition of the new paintings of Prof. W. Langhammer will be opened by Mr. R. V. Leyden at the University Convocation Hall at 6-15 p.m. today.

A. I. KASHMIR WELFARE ASSOCIATION, BOMBAY: At a meeting held at the Bank of Nagpur, Bombay on Wednesday, the All-India Kashmir Welfare Association decided to issue an earnest appeal to all those Kashmiris living in India and others who were interested in the welfare of Kashmir urging them to join the association in large numbers to make it an effective organisation for the amelioration of the present hardships of the people of Kashmir.

RANADE ANNIVERSARY: Under the auspices of the Bombay Prarthana Samaj Mr. D. D. Varde will deliver a lecture in connection with the Anniversary of the late Justice M. G. Ranade to-day (Friday), at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Prarthana Mandir, Girgaum.

THE 1ST BOMBAY PROVINCIAL PHYSICAL EDUCATION CONFERENCE: The 1st Bombay Provincial Physical Education Conference was to be held in Bombay on 14th and 15th Feb. 1948, under the auspices of Government, but in order to suit the convenience of the Secondary School Teachers and Physical Instructors in the Province, the Conference has been postponed to Diwali Holidays in October this year. The exact dates will be announced shortly.

Sardar's City Programme

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister of India, will be arriving in Bombay from Bhavnagar today (Friday), a noon.

CIVIC ADDRESS TO SARDAR PATEL

The Corporation's Civic Address to the Hon'ble Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister, Dominion of India, will be presented in the Shamiana specially erected for the purpose at the Azad Maidan opposite the Municipal Head Office building, today (Friday) at 4-30 p.m. Bombay Time).

SARDAR TO ADDRESS PUBLIC MEETING: Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will address the first public meeting today (Friday), at 8 p.m. at Lohar Street, Off Princess Street. Adequate loud speaker arrangements will be made. Congress volunteers and sevikas are required to be present at the place of the meeting at 6-30 p.m.

SATURDAY, 17TH JAN:
9 a.m. Press Conference at Congress House.
6 p.m. Public Meeting at Chowpatty.

Bhabha And Baldev Singh To Visit Bombay

NEW DELHI, January 15 (API): The Commerce Minister Mr. C. H. Bhabha and the Defence Minister Sardar Baldev Singh are leaving for Bombay on Saturday Jan. 17 morning.

Dr. Shyamprasad Mukherji, Industries Minister, is also leaving for Bombay the same day to attend the meeting of the Industries Committee of the Textile Contol Board which will meet on Sunday.

It is understood Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel might also attend the meeting.

N. V. GADGIL TO ADDRESS MEETING IN GIRGAUM

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and the Girgaum District Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held tomorrow Saturday at 9 p.m. (S.T.) in Kudal Deshastha Brahmin Wadi, opposite Majestic Cinema, Girgaum, Mr. N. V. Gadgil will speak on "the present political situation."

LAND ACQUISITION ACT TO BE AMENDED?

The Housing Programme of the Government of Bombay envisages acquisition of land on a large scale throughout the Province, especially in industrial areas. Land values have already risen up phenomenally. If no steps are taken to curb this tendency, not only Government but Co-operative Housing Societies (consisting of middle classes) also will have to pay unduly high sums for the land required for housing.

In order to see that Government and Co-operative Housing Societies have not to foot an unduly large bill in acquiring land, Government have decided to amend the Land Acquisition Act in so far as the Housing Programme of Government is concerned. At present whenever any land is compulsorily acquired, the compensation payable is the market value of the land on the date of the publication of the notification, besides, fifteen per cent solatium is payable to the owner of the land.

The proposed amending Bill lays down that the compensation payable for all land that is compulsorily acquired will be governed by the market value of the land on the date of the notification or on 1st of January 1948, whichever is less. The Bill further provides that, in view of the unduty high increment in the values of land, which is wholly unearned, there is no case for paying fifteen per cent solatium for all land acquired in connection with the Housing Programme of the Government.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY, Jan. 16, (Friday).
244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. G. S. Yellapurkar (Kannada Bhajan) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G. 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Mohammad Khan (Been) 8-45 B. V. Patekar (Pad K. P. Khadilkar) 9-0 Minaxi Trasi (Todi) 120-Programme of special interest to women (G) 12-45 p.m. News(M)12-50 News (G) 12-55 Classical Music (Bhairavi) 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Carrol Gibbons and His Orchestra (Hupfield) 2-0 Andrew Sisters 2-15 Andre Kostelanetz and His Orchestra (Gershwin) 4-20 School Broadcasts (G) 5-0 Mohammad Khan (Been) 5-15 Children's programme (H, U and H) 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Mastan Qawwal (Ghazal Amir Minai) 6-30 Chandrakant Mazumdar (Madhuvanti) 6-45 Sulochana Mhapsekar (Multani) 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 Chandrakant Mazumdar (Patdeep) 7-30 Itihasatil Premayoga (M) by Lalji Pendse 7-45 Gazalen 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Shaer Ka Anjam (U) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Musical Interlude 9-45 Psychology Through Shakespeare Hamlet by Dr. J. N. Chubb 10-0 Mohammad Khan (Been) 10-15 B. V. Patekar (Darbari) 10-35 Minaxi Trasi (Maikans).
VARIATIONS.
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)—7-40 a.m. Goda Gani 5-45 p.m. Mulchand Nayak 6-15 Rural Listeners.
61.48 m. (4.880 kc/s)—7-45 p.m. Com. News 8-0 Mulchand Nayak (Gujarati Geet Lalit) 8-15 C. L. Wakankar (Pad K. H. Wakankar) 9-0 Sulochana Mhapsekar (Sawani) 9-15 C. L. Wakankar (Jhaijaiwanti) 9-30 Mastan Qawwal (Ghazal Firaq) 10-0 Audrey Essaye—Soprano (Geehl) 10-15 Light Symphony Orchestra (Coates) 10-30 Luise Vajid Mahmood—Pianoforte.

5-YEAR INTEREST-FREE PRIZE BONDS

The following are the results of the eighth half-yearly draw held at the Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Hall, Bombay on the 15th January:

Rs. 100-DENOMINATION

Prizes.	Numbers of Prize-Winning Bonds. Series A	Series B	Series C	Series D
Rs. 50,000	087063	029823	003641	085534
Rs. 20,000	046054	071070	038294	031966
Rs. 20,000	075145	079737	045080	050379
Rs. 5,000	023091	061534	090231	002337
Rs. 5,000	074690	058304	060778	029655

The numbers of the prizes of Rs. 10 denominations have also been made public.

NO HOSTILITY TOWARDS INDUSTRIAL TRUCE

Dr. Lohia Explains Socialist Attitude

Speaking at a Press Conference on Wednesday Dr. Lohia, the Socialist leader, said:

"Our attitude towards the industrial truce is dynamic and not static. We do admit that during the period of the truce, capitalism cannot be destroyed. But we do not admit that the existing ration of wages and profits should continue to be the same as they are now" If any impression of hostility towards the truce has been created, it should be removed at once. We want the industrial truce to increase production, and increased production is as much necessary for our purposes as it is for the purposes of the Government".

Regarding the recent "token strike" he said: "The token strike in Bombay was a legitimate expression on the part of labour, and on the part of my Party which is a party of the working class, that industrial courts have been very tardy in their affairs".

MORE SOCIALIST CANDIDATES

The Socialist Party (Bombay) has issued the following additional list of candidates for the forthcoming elections to the Municipal Corporation, Bombay:—

GIRGAUM: Prof. Bhanushanker B. Vyas, M.A. (Badarayan).
BORI BUNDER: Premchand Kedia.
UMARKHADI: Rajaram Chembulkar.
WALKESHWAR: Rohit Dave M.A., LLB.
BYCULLA (EAST): B. D. Zute and G. S. Mahajan, President, Mill Mazdur Sabha.
WORLI: Dr. A. D Narde, M.B., B.S. and Kedarnath Upadhyaya.
MAHIM: Mrs. Alice Alvares, M.A.
SION: M. Madhavan.
PAREL: Asoka Mehta and S. A. Redkar
GHODUPDEO: G. P. Padwal.
FORT: F. M. Pinto.
KUMBHARWADA: Shevantilal Shah.
KHETWADI: Mrs. Vimlaben Mehta, B.A.
TARDEO: Vasant Velinkar, B.A. (Oxon), Bar-at-law
BYCULLA (WEST): Adam Adil and Dr. H. P. Shrivastava, M.B., B.S.
LAL BAUG: A. B. Vichare, B.A., LL.B. and V. B. Varaskar.
MAZAGAON: Shantaram Ansurkar.
MATUNGA: Principal Welingkar of Podar College (Supported by the Party).
DADAR: Dr. M. B. Raut, M.B., B.S.
LOWER PAREL: S. G. Tulpule, B.E. and Satyanarayan Ramdeo Thakur
There will be a further list of candidates.

Toll Of Makarsankranti Kite-Flying

BOMBAY, Thursday.

There were a number of 'Makarsankranti' accidents in the City yesterday and mostly small boys were victims.

Pravin Davichand, a schoolboy living in a building at Sikka Nagar, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay, lost his life when he fell down from the terrace of the building as he lost his balance while flying a kite. There were two more such accidents but not fatal.

In one instance two boys chasing a broken off kite from opposite directions collided with each other, their heads banging sharply. Both boys were severely injured and had to be removed to a hospital.

American Vice-Consul's House Burgled

The residence of the American Vice-Consul in Bombay at Churchgate was burgled yesterday evening and jewellery belonging to the wife of the Vice-Consul was stolen.

It appears that Mr. Albert Rabida and Mrs. Dorothy Rabida left the house in the evening. On their return Mrs. Rabida found her jewellery box tampered with and articles valued at Rs. 6,000 missing.

The City Police are investigating into the matter.

THREE ARRESTS FOR ROWDYISM

A crowd of refugees tried to force their way to the docks at the time of the arrival of a ship on Wednesday noon. They were dispersed by the Police. A pan-shop was damaged in the course of the melee. Three persons were arrested for rowdyism.

BAN EXTENDED

The order prohibiting the carrying of lethal weapons, corrosive substances and explosives in Greater Bombay has been extended for a further period of one month from January 18.

HAKIM MOHAMMAD ANSARI ARRIVES IN CITY.

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Hakim Mohammad Abdul Qadir Ansari (a nephew of late Dr. M. A. Ansari) a well-known Unani physician arrived in Bombay today from Hyderabad and was received at the Juhu aerodrome by a large number of his friends and admirers. Hakim Sahib is Royal Physician to H. M. King Ibn Saud of Saudi Arabia.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Friday:

The Governor of Bombay received Mr. M. L. Dahanukar and Mr. J.L.P. Roche-Victoria.

The Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai, Mrs. M. D.D. Gilder and Mr. and Mrs.K.M. Munshi came to lunch.

Maharajkumar Mohammad Amir Haider Khan of Mahmudabad has left.

DECONTROL OF CHARCOAL AND FIREWOOD

In pursuance of the decision to decontrol charcoal and firewood with effect from January 15, 1948. Government of Bombay has now issued the necessary Notifications in the Bombay Government Gazette of January 15, cancelling all the existing Control Orders in force in the various districts of the Province in respect of the distribution, movement and prices of these commodities.

City Fathers' Call To Govt. To Ban Slaughter Of Cattle

Communist Point Of Order Ruled Out: Only A Humanitarian Resolution, Assures Patil

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Spokesman and sympathisers of "cow-protection" in the city watched from special seats and the galleries as the Bombay Corporation today debated and passed a Congress Party resolution advising the Government to enact legislation for banning the slaughter of cows, bullocks and buffaloes in the Greater Bombay Area.

The motion, which claimed both sentimental and cold economic reasons to support its objective, evoked a point of order from a Communist councillor who suggested that the debate on such a delicate issue might harm Hindu-Muslim relations, especially when Mahatma Gandhi was fasting for their unity. The Mayor ruled it out of order after which Mr. S. S. Mirajkar, sponsor of the point of order, left the hall exclaiming "my purpose has been served". Muslim League members stayed neutral and did not participate in the discussions.

SHORTAGE OF MILCH CATTLE

Mr. Shivdas C. Thakkar, moving the resolution, stated that there was a great shortage of milch cattle which were being further reduced by daily slaughter. The slaughter also hurt the sentiments of a large section of the population. Mr. G. G. Morarji supported his views.

Dr. J. A. Collaco believed that while there could be no objection to a ban on the killing of useful cattle it was wrong to insist on a total prohibition of cow-slaughter "You cannot force the agriculturists to support useless cattle", he said, moving an amendment for referring the motion to the Medical Committee.

Mr. M. N. Talpade brought forward another amendment which demanded that the scope of the resolution should be restricted only to milk-giving cattle.

Describing the resolution as "half-hearted" and charging that the mover had sponsored it in a subtle propagandistic campaign "to exploit the cow for the coming elections", Mr. Jamnadas Mehta said that instead of a mere plea to government, there should be "a categorical demand" to enact a legislation immediately for preventing cow-slaughter. He was convinced it was the duty of the non-Hindu minorities in India to support this campaign of the Hindus in the name of "good neighbourliness" His amendment was to the effect that the resolution should call for immediate legislation.

"HUMANITARIAN" RESOLUTION

"Mr. Jamnadas Mehta is exploiting the cow for election ends more resolutely by insisting on swifter action" said Mr. S. K. Patil, pointing out that it was a purely "humanitarian" resolution whose purpose could have been achieved by mutual agreement between the two communities. He explained that there was no attempt in the motion to hurt Muslim sentiments and hoped Muslims would look at it "in the larger perspective of mutual respect and obligation".

Mr. M. I. Rowjee, former Mayor, was cheered when he said that "there is nothing in Islam which calls upon Muslims to kill cows". Hindus and Muslims should work like brothers, he stated, making an announcement that he was shortly moving a resolution for the banning of pig-slaughter.

All the amendments were lost and the resolution was carried. Many cow-lovers who had chowded the Hall shook hands with Mr. Thakkar warmly.

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THE FORWARD BLOC WEEKLY is going to enter its second year on January 23rd next. The Weekly will have 12 Pages of Half Crown size 15"x10" and will include besides party news, writings from the pen of eminent men and women on all topical, cultural and scientific subjects. A NETAJI BIRTHDAY NUMBER will be brought out on the 23rd January. Orders should be booked in advance.
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WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, Jan. 15. (API.) The following is the weather summary for Thursday (15th Jan.) rainfall has been local in Central India and occurred at a few stations in the West Central Provinces.

Day temperatures were markedly below normal in and near Central India.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 16TH EVENING: Scattered thunder showers are likely in Central India, the West Central Provinces, Berar and along the Circars, Coromandal Coast, isolated showers are also possible in the North Bombay Deccan.

Weather Chart

POONA, Jan. 15. (API.) The following is the weather-chart, showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches, for the past 24 hours from Nov. 1, 1947, and departure from the normal recorded at 08-00 hours (IST) on 15th Jan.:

Ahmedabad 80 58 0 2.1 plus 1.9 Ahmednagar 81 54 0 1.5 0 Akola 87 61 0 2.4 plus 1.1 Allahabad 62 50 0 0.3 minus 0.7 Baroda 80 59 0 0— Bhopal 66 51 0 0 2.0 plus 0.8 Bhuj 74 46 0 0.2 minus 0.1 BOMBAY 81 67 0 0 minus 0.7 Calcutta 79 57 0 1.8 plus 0.7 Cawnpore 69 49 0 2.9 plus 1.9 Colombo Nil Delhi 66 43 0 2.2 plus 1.3 Gwalior 65 44 0 3.2— Hyderabad (Dn) Nil Indore Nil Jubbulpore 73 53 0 0.6 minus 0.7 Karachi—46 0 0.3 plus 0.1 Lahore Nil Lucknow 70 49 0 1.1 plus 0.3 Madras 85 70 0 4.4 minus 15.8 Mangalore 84 69 0 1.4 minus 2.0 Nagpur 84 57 0 2.4 plus 1.0 Patna 75 55 0 0.3 minus 0.4 Peshawar Nil Poona 86 54 0 0.4 minus 0.9 Rajkot 77 50 0 0 minus 0.3 Surat 85 61 0 0 minus 0.5

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

The more we advance in true knowledge the better we shall understand that we need not be at war with those religions we may not follow.

—MAHATMA GANDHI.

The Bombay Chronicle

BREAK THE VICIOUS CIRCLE

It is a relief to learn that on the second day of his fast Gandhiji could carry on his normal work even to the extent of walking up to the prayer meeting and addressing it at some length. But it would have been wiser not to brush aside doctor's objections against walking up to the prayer ground when he himself felt he would probably not be able to do so the next day. If he must continue his fast he should at least conserve his energy. It is difficult to believe that there could be any people who would say even in a fit of anger, "Let Gandhi die' But there have been such—refugees too!—who could say that right in front of the Birla House. We fear the people who shout such slogans represent many more at a distance We have also heard and read of some who say that they have lost all interest in life having lost all their dear ones and all their belongings at the hands of fiends and that they live only for vengeance. We refer to all this to impress upon all concerned that, human nature being what it is, the necessary change of heart must take some time and demands infinite patience alike from those who are suffering from hell-fire and those who long to relieve them. Ceaseless concerted effort is necessary to make relief as generous and speedy as possible, whatever the financial cost. It is quite natural that the various Sikh organisations in Delhi, while assuring Gadhiji that Sikhs will make a supreme effort to preserve peace and promote harmony between various communities, also appeal to Government to "expedite the rehabilitation and the relief of the sufferers from Pakistan" as they believe that "this action will go a long way in creating the atmosphere congenial to peace." We think that the prolonged interview on Wednesday between Gandhiji and six members of the Cabinet was mainly in connection with expediting relief and rehabilitation work. And we would suggest that officials and non-officials concentrate their best efforts on this most urgent but Himalayan task. Whatever difficulties delay work in this connection, financial cost should not. Just a word from Gandhiji will, as by magic, ensure the collection of a crore of rupees from the public in less than a week. Nay, if only Gandhiji says that such and such tangible work is necessary as a token of the change of heart he pleads for, it should be possible to do that work speedily, at least in Delhi.

We think Gandhiji ignored the doctors' warnings on Wednesday to have a full heart-to-heart talk with his prayer meeting with regard to the latest killings at Karachi and Gujarat. He must have been unusually agonised to have exclaimed: "How long can the Union put up with such things? How long can I bank upon the patience of the Hindus and Sikhs in spite of my fast"? The whole world will agree with him that "Pakistan has to put a stop to this state of affairs" and 'will not rest till the Hindus and Sikhs can return and live in safety in Pakistan." Unfortunately, the prospect of their return is somewhat distant but we hope it is not very distant. Just at present everycne who wishes to come over to India must be given all the necessary facilities including military convoy, if only for the reason that there are some in Pakistan who, caught up in the vicious circle of retaliation and counter-retaliation, lose all restraint when they see Sikhs and Hindus. It is wise to avoid, a clash that may leave a long trail of communal hatred. Already the spirit of vengeance is abroad in both the Dominions to an incredible extent. And not a few seriously talk of an inevitable showdown or civil war. Mr. C. Rajagopalachari rightly condemns such talk as "arrant nonsense" as a showdown can only mean "civil war in every province, town and village." As he says: "The only sane man to-day is Mahatma Gandhi. The others are either wholly wrong or partly wrong. We must stop this thoughtlessness. We could have indulged in a showdown a 1000 years ago. But it is not possible now. You can no more conduct a war than you can pull a grown-up tree by the roots and keep it alive. We have got too far mixed up. We have adopted a new civilization and we cannot do without it. Is it possible that civilization should continue, and at the same time there should be civil war in every province, town and village?..... Therefore, you should give up all thought of bellicosity. Unless you change your mind, you cannot change your conduct. Mere words are of no use." Any serious conflict between the two Dominions must be prevented at any cost. And the sovereign method to prevent it. to quench the spreading fire of revengefulness is for both the Dominions to follow the Mahatma's precept to excel each other in doing the right, in returning good for evil.

Central Help In Education

One of the important items on the agenda of the All-India Educational Conference meeting at Delhi today is the ways in which the Central Government can render most effective help to the provinces in carrying out the schemes of educational development and in which maximum cooperation can be ensured between one province and another. It is now generally recognised that one of the best ways in which the Central Government can help the provinces—and through them the country is to relieve them of much of research work, especially of a scientific character as that involves huge cost beyond the capacity of most provinces. We desperately need scientific research in almost every one of its fast increasing branches. Private institutions are apt to concentrate on Applied Sciences, particularly those which promise immediate gains. But unduly restricted research often defeats its own purpose, and fundamental research is absolutely necessary. A Central Government is the fittest agency to promote such research, though an appreciable part of the cost may be borne by the provinces availing themselves of such research facilities. In the last analysis the promotion of education is a question mainly of finance. We have all the necessary talent but it needs much cost to be organised to the best advantage of the country. The cost will be extraordinarily heavy if we want to make speedy amends for past neglect in almost every branch of education. But all the governments, all the local bodies and the public should co-operate in bearing the burden. As the Central Government has the widest powers of taxation and borrowing it should bear the best part of the burden, if only in the next few years. Central help will be useful in, among other ways, co-ordinating educational systems in different provinces, in avoiding duplication of effort and thus ensuring economy in cost and effort. If Central help is made proportional to some extent to the contribution of the provinces, it will also help in stimulating effort in the provinces.

Frankly Speaking

Damaging Statements

Sardar Mohammed Ibrahim, the President of the so-called "Provisional Azad Government of Kashmir," has been enabled to go to Lake Success. This is not surprising, nor will it be surprising if, as he says, he is enabled to present his case before the Security Council. But, in the meantime, he has made statements at Karachi, which are rather damaging to Pakistan's claim of neutrality and non-complicity. Sardar Ibrahim admits that there are tribesmen fighting in his army which, however, he claims to be 80 per cent Kashmiri. Now, in a previous statement he had claimed that he had some one hundred thousand men in the field or in training. It is rather too much for the most credulous to believe that eighty thousand warlike Kashmiris are available to him. But what he himself betrays is the interesting fact that, even according to him, there are in Kashmir no less than twenty-thousand tribesmen and outsiders fighting there. How did they manage to go? Incidentally his admission is an illuminating commentary on Mr. Liaquat Ali's repeated assertions that the rebel force includes only a "handful" of outsiders.

Case Spoiled

Another interesting point in Sardar Ibrahim's statement is that so far as arms and ammunition are concerned, "we got them from the tribal areas. We also captured a lot from the State and Indian forces." To capture arms and ammunition from Indian forces to whom the raiders cannot give even two pitched battles is a feat which can never be paralleled in military history! And it is an equally unparalleled feat that these arms and ammunition miraculously came, in the hands of the raiders, so much as to equip a whole Army Corps for months of fighting. But Sardar Ibrahim has also got arms and ammunition from Tribal areas. It should be news to a whole world that modern arms like anti-aircraft guns and mortars—along with ammunition—petrol and lorries for the use of a big modern army, are all available in the Tribal area. And how did Sardar Ibrahim manage to get them through Pakistan? But what is most significant in this connection is the contradictory note sounded at Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan's meetings in Tribal area. Tribesmen were made to shout indignant protests against Pakistan's refusal to allow passage to them on their way to "save Muslims" in Kashmir, and especially its refusal to let them carry arms. This was doubtless intended to impress the Security Council with Tribal anger uninspired by Pakistan and with Pakistan's own very correct and neutral record in the whole affair. But Sardar Ibrahim has spoiled it all rather badly.

Significant Tribute

Mian Jaffar Shah who, along with six other Red Shirt M.L.A.'s, has joined the Muslim League has issued a statement, which is very interesting because it really constitutes a refutation not only of League jubilation over his and his six colleagues' shift but also of other important League claims. When he complains of Congress betraying the Frontier people by forsaking the ideal of a United India he concedes that that ideal is his and the Frontier people's first preference. But Pakistan has been established and, therefore, he accepts it along with the obligation to serve it. It is true that he feels "the ship of the Pakistan State is surrounded by enemy mines", but those mines are really of Pakistan's own making; one of them being represented in Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan and his activities. But the most significant part of his statement is that in which Mian Jaffar Shah, in spite of his new allegiance, still acknowledges Dr. Khan Sahib as "the only person in the Province, who could give the Pathans the right lead in their difficult times." There is a wealth of meaning and warning for Pakistan and its leaders in that tribute. It is a confirmation of the fact that the Pathans are moved by those aspirations which the Khan Brothers represent and have been voicing. This fact cannot be indefinitely ignored because Kashmir cannot remain indefinitely an issue to which the Pathans and Tribesmen can be diverted. Pakistan will one day have to face the Pathan problem and settle it to the satisfaction of the Pathans, for, otherwise, it will be a running sore disastrous for the new State. Pakistan will be wise to recognise the Khan Brothers instead of seeking to ignore them.

Move To Control Speculation

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 15.

According to semi-official circles here, restriction is likely to be imposed in some form or the other on speculation within a short time. The main reason for this is the present tendency to indulge in large-scale speculation and resort to evasion of tax under the Contract and transfer of stamps as well as in income tax.

I am in a position to disclose that Dr. Thomas, Economic Adviser of Central Government has already submitted his reports the main items of which are as under (1) to regulate stock market by licensing exchanges and dealers in stock, (2) to fix margins for share dealings, (3) to examine financial position of brokers and to ask periodical returns about their working, (4) to levy sales tax on the sale of stock, (5) restriction on easy credit facilities indiscriminate advances of money by certain banks and lenders, (6) to prohibit blank transfer system, (7) to reconsider budla system in a way so that excessive speculation might not be encouraged. Legislation on an all India basis or a public notification by the Governor-General is considered a decided fact shortly.

FIRE CAUSES HUGE LOSS OF JUTE

DACCA, Jan. 14. (API.) Loss estimated at several lankhs of rupees was sustained in a disastrous fire which broke out at Narsingdi, a commercial centre in Dacca district, on January 10 when several jute godowns stacked with jute were completely gutted.

Sardar's Reply To Delhi Communist Deputation

NEW DELHI Jan. 14. (UPI): A deputation of the Communist Party of India met Sardar Patel, Home Minister of the Government of India today and sought his intervention regarding the recent round-up and detention of Communist and Trade Union leaders in Delhi. They are reported to have alleged that the Punjab Public Safety Ordinance, which was intended for use against the riot-fomentors, was being misused against them

Sardar Patel is reported to have told the deputationists that the steps complained of were not taken at the instance of the Government of India

NEW ANGLO-IRAQI TREATY

PORTSMOUTH, Jan. 15. (Reuter): Britain and Iraq today formally signed the New Anglo-Iraqi Treaty replacing the 1930 agreement which ended the British Mandate over Iraq and conferred independence.

KARACHI Jan. 15. (A.P.I.): Mr. Ghulam Nabi Pathan, General Secretary of the Sind Provincial Muslim League, was to-day declared elected to the Sind Assembly unopposed from the Land Holder's constituency for the seat vacated by Mr. Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah.

Interim "Cease Fire" Order For Indonesia

Batavia Talks Bear Fruit: Truce Agreement To Be Signed On Saturday

BATAVIA, JAN. 15. (REUTER): AN INTERIM "CEASE-FIRE" BETWEEN THE DUTCH AND INDONESIAN REPUBLICANS IN JAVA IS EXPECTED TO BE AGREED UPON TOMORROW AND A TRUCE AGREEMENT SIGNED ON SATURDAY.

This was reliably learned here today after members of the Republican Delegation to the 'Cease-Fire' talks with the Military Advisers of the Security Council's Good Offices Committee had returned by plane from Jogjakarta, the Indonesian capital.

It was reliably learned that the proposals included eight points submitted by the Dutch, six by the Republic and four by the Good Offices Committee.

The principal significance of the Interim 'Cease-Fire' Order was that both Dutch and Republican Army Commanders would order their troops immediately to observe a stand fast order and so end two years and five months of intermittent fighting.

It was expected that details of this agreement would be worked out tonight by Dutch and Republican "Cease-Fire" Delegations.

The Republican Prime Minister, Dr. Amir Sjarifuddin, is expected here on Saturday.

PAKISTAN IMPOSES TAX ON SALT

Duty Of Rs. 2/8 Per Maund To Increase Revenue Of State

KARACHI, Jan. 15. (A.P.I.): An Ordinance published today (16th January) imposes a duty of Rs. 2/8 per maund on all salt manufactured in, or imported into, any of the provinces of Pakistan. It comes into force at once.

The Ordinance specifically mentions only locally manufactured salt and salt imported by land, but a similar duty will be automatically applied to imports by sea since the Customs Tariff states that the standard rate of sea customs duty will be the rate at which excise duty is for the time being leviable on salt manufactured in the place where the import takes place, states a press note of the Ministry of Finance, Pakistan.

DUTY RE-IMPOSED

It will be recalled that the Indian salt duty was abolished less than a year ago. The Pakistan Government regret that they have now felt compelled to re-impose this duty.

It is, however, necessary that all citizens of Pakistan should make a contribution to the revenues of the State, and the duty on salt is a tax which is capable of yielding a substantial amount of revenue at a very small cost of collection and without imposing any appreciable burden on the individual consumer. At the rate now prescribed the duty should not increase the retail price of salt by more than one anna a seer, and it is expected to produce a revenue of about Rupees two and half crores in a full year.

MILL WORKERS BACK HARIJANS

Demand For Temple Entry In Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 15. (A. P. I.): Most of the textile workers came out of their mills today to demonstrate against the refusal of the Swami Narayan Temple authorities to allow Harijans to enter the temple.

The temple has been closed for the last two days. A large crowd has collected in the locality which is being patrolled by armed police.

KALESWARA RAO FINED FOR CONTEMPT

MADRAS, Jan. 15. (API.) At the Madras High Court today, the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Clark found Mr. A. Kaleswara Rao, M.L.A. (Madras), a prominent leader of Andhradesa, and two others, Mr. G. V. Subba Rao and Mr. K. Rajagopala Rao of the "Prajashakthi" guilty of charges of contempt of court in having issued a pamphlet and a statement under the caption "Bezwada Municipal marketing affair."

All the three were fined ranging between Rs. 100 and Rs. 250 in default to undergo simple imprisonment for periods ranging between one to three months.

The Chief Justice ordered that if the fines were not paid by Saturday, warrants for their arrest should be issued.

MORE TONGUE TWISTERS

MADRAS, Jan. 15. (API.) The Madras Government propose to alter the name of the Municipality of Trichinopoly into "Tiruchirappalli" and that of Conjeevaram into "Kanchipuram", following their decision to Indianise the names of cities and towns in the province.

18,000 Hindus Leave Karachi

KARACHI, Jan. 15. (API.) Mr. M. P. Tahilraamni, Evacuatio Officer and Secretary of the Sind Central Peace Board, said today that with the leaving of four steamers from Karachi for Indian ports today about 18,000 Hidus had been evacuated from Sind since January 6.

SIND GOVT CALLS BACK EMPLOYEES FROM LEAVE

In view of the shortage of staff in almost all the offices of the Sind Government due to the exodus of many Hindu employees from Karachi, the Government has ordered all Heads of the Departments and offices in Karachi to recall to duty all Muslim Government servants who are on leave, except those who are on leave on medical certificate.

King Yehia Dead

CAIRO, Jan 15. (Reuter) King Yehia, the 85-year old ruler of Yemen, has died according to reports received in Cairo tonight.

A new constitutional Government has been established in Sana, capital of Yemen, the report added.

Dr. Ghosh Resigns

B. C. Roy To Form New Ministry

CALCUTTA, Jan. 15. (A.P.I.): The West Bengal Ministry headed by Dr. P. C. Ghosh, has resigned.

At the Governor's request however, Dr. Ghosh and his colleagues have agreed to continue in charge of their portfolios till a new Ministry is formed.

Dr. P. C. Ghosh, in a statement, says that the Governor will call on Dr. B. C. Roy to form his Ministry.

An emergency meeting of the West Bengal Congress Assembly Party unanimously elected Dr. B. C. Roy its leader this evening. This followed the resignation of his leadership of the party by Dr. Ghosh.

Dr. Roy is now away in Delhi.

Dr. Ghosh, in resigning his leadership at the Party meeting, explained the reasons which prompted him to tender the resignation and the consequential resignation of his Cabinet.

MEMBERS' REQUEST.

It is stated that following receipt of a representation signed by about 30 Members of the Party, asking for reconstitution of the present Ministry "in view of the emergency facing the province to-day". He wrote to Dr. B. C. Roy requesting him to relieve him immediately as the majority of members wanted Dr. Roy as their leader.

Dr. Roy in his reply to Dr. Ghosh, is stated to have said that he was prepared to take the responsibility if the members wanted him to do so. He requested Dr. Ghosh to continue in office till he returned from Delhi on Monday next.

'JANAB' FOR ALL MUSLIM M.L.A.'S.

Muslim members of the West Bengal Legislative Assembly have decided that henceforth the official mode of address to a Muslim woman (married or unmarried) or Muslim gentlemen should be "Janab" and not Miss, Mrs., Mr. or Maulvi.

SECURITY BILL PASSED.

The West Bengal Legislative Assembly passed to-day the Security Bill by 47 to 12 voaes. Muslim League and Communist Members opposed it, while the two European members voted with the Government.

The House was prorogued after the third reading.

PARIS CONFERENCE POSTPONED

Time Considered Inappropriate To Discuss Marshall Plan

LONDON, Jan 15. (Reuter): A British Foreign Office spokesman stated to-day there was no question of convening a further Paris Conference of sixteen nations on the Marshall Aid Plan at a time which would cause embarrassment to the United States Administration.

He was commenting on the statement made in Washington last night by Mr. Robert Lovett, United States Assistant Secretary of State, that a further Paris Conference before the end of the debate on the Marshall Plan in the Congress would be inappropriate.

Any invitation sent by Britain and France to the other fourteen European Governments as a result of current Anglo-French discussions is consequently expected to leave the date open.

Popular Ministry For Nagod

NAGOD, Jan. 15. (UPI). A Popular Ministry responsible in its fullest sense, has been sworn in today. In the new dispensation all functions of the Dewan have been transferred to the Popular Ministers. Mr. Manharnath Gharekhan, the present Dewan, it is understood is relinquishing his office shortly. It is stated he has promised to continue as the Constitutional Adviser to the State from Bombay.

GWALIOR (By Mail): The Baggar Prevention (Forced Labour) Bill, submitted by Mr. Shyamlal Pandaviya (Congress) was passed by the Praja Sabha. The House found itself in accord with the object and provisions of the bill under which system of forced work without remuneration including taking of ration without payment has been declared non-cognizable offence and punishment extending to either one year's imprisonment or a fine of Rs. 2,000 has been prescribed.

Madras Hits Back At Hyderabad

Border Village Incident Sequel: Police Return Fire By Military

MADRAS, Jan. 15, (API): The Government of Madras today received a wireless message from the District Superintendent of Police, Kistna District alleging that the Nizam's troops had shot at some peasants harvesting crops in Bhagavanulapuram, a border village of the Indian Union adjoining Hyderabad territory.

The message added that Madras police in the area went to the spot immediately and returned the fire.

The message did not mention any casualties, but requested the Madras Government for military help.

Enquiries in Government circles reveal that a detailed report from the District officials has been called for, on receipt of which the Premier Mr. C. P Ramaswamy Reddiar will apprise Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, of the "incident" and seek his advice.

"LIQUIDATE THOSE JAGIRDARS"

Pattabhi On Task Of Jodhpur Praja Parishad

NEW DELHI, Jan. 15.

Dr. Pattabhi Sitarammaya, the leader of the All-India States' Peoples' Conference and the Chairman of the Council of Action has issued the following statement on Jodhpur:—

In our younger days we have all read the story of "Sisyphus Stone". Little did we know that one of the foremost States of India would illustrate this tragic story. The tragedy consists in the foremost State becoming the hindmost. We had thought that during the Dewanship of C. S. Venkatachar, I.C.S., Jodhpur was well on way to "Responsible Government", but the sudden demise of Late Maharaja Umed Singh at the early age created an unexpected situation in the State. His son is quite a young man. This youthful lad has gone beyond his depths in having sent away Mr. C. S. Venkatachar while yet over a year of his contract remained and installed his father's younger brother as Prime Minister and his own younger brother aged twenty as Home Minister with eleven portfolios. The Lokparishad which was hoping to enter upon an era of "Responsible Government", is now thrown down to the foot of the hill like a proverbial stone and now it has to begin it all over again. But nothing undaunted the Lokparishad has resolved upon its final struggle for attaining for Jodhpur what they have obtained in Mysore, Cochin and Travancore. Nor has the Lokparishad any alternative before it seeing how the Jagirdars of Jodhpur who hold 83 per cent of land in their hands have been allowed to embark upon an era of frightfulness.

Jagirdars of Jodhpur are menace to all peace, prosperity and progress in the State. They must be liquidated as condition pre-requisite to all order and progress. Lokparishad has an arduous task before. But it is fully prepared to face the situation as it may develop.

Financial Help To Parsi Students For College Studies

Those poor Parsi students of both sexes who desire help from charity funds to prosecute their studies for degree or diploma courses after passing their Matriculation examination in June 1948, are requested to register their names with the Secretary of the Post-Matriculate Education Committee (C/o Parsi Punchayet Office, 209, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay), before 31st March, 1948. Only those whose names have been registered will be given financial aid by the committee for college studies if they pass the Matriculation examination with 45 per cent marks or more at first attempt.

For registration form and further particulars please see or apply to the Secretary. Applications for registration received after 31st March, 1948, will not be considered.

Forecast Of W. Punjab Rice Crop

LAHORE, Jan. 15 (API): According to the second forecast of the rice crop of West Punjab for the year 1947-48 the total area under rice is now estimated at 837,000 acres (including 1,200 acres conventionally estimated) as against 839,700 acres estimated in the first forecast issued in November last: says a Press Note issued by the Director, Public Relations, West Punjab. It is three per cent less than the actual area of last year—865,000 acres. Of the total area 766,000 acres are irrigated and 71,000 acres unirrigated.

BRAZILIAN RICE FOR INDIA

SINGAPORE, Jan. 15 (Reuter): India will receive 39,100 tons of Brazilian rice under the latest agreement between Britain and Brazil, it was announced here today.

Protection For Rubber

COLOMBO, Jan. 14. (Reuter): The Government floor price for Number One sheet rubber which was reduced by 10 cents on December 10 will be restored from tomorrow to the original level of 65 cents a pound. The Minister for Commerce and Trade, Mr. Suntherelingam, told the Associated Press of India that the Rubber Commissioner is satisfied that the protection intended for producers has been secured. He added that while the Government did not propose to subsidize industry hereafter, it would however, continue to protect producers.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

NEW YORK, Jan. 14. Two United States senators and a group of prominent American clergymen today accused Britain of allowing the Arabs to 'desecrate' Jerusalem by 'seemingly abetting their blockade of an area which is the holiest in the 'holy city'.

In a letter to the "New York Times" Senator Robert F. Wagner (New York) and Senator Owen Brewster (Maine) with six other signatories asked that 'the shameful aspect' of recent events in Palestine be brought to the attention of the American people and the Christian world'

—Reuter.

* * *

Apropos of the fast, a United States paper says: "Whatever the outcome of this effort, Mr. Gandhi will remain one of the historic refutations of the purely materialistic or economic or political interpretation of history".

What is the fast internationally worth if it cannot be turned to anti-Marxist account?

* * *

Mildly criticising the racial attitude of White South Africa, its Deputy Prime Minister, Mr. J. N. Hofmeyr, is reported to have urged that "we must not blind ourselves to the fact that even at the last (U.N.) Assembly there was a considerable majority of nations represented, who were prepared to 'condemn South Africa, and that the support of many of our friends was a qualified support".

Hell Hitler, this is intolerable! And the least a shocked General Smuts can do is to issue immediate instructions to have his Deputy Prime Minister prosecuted at the Hague Court by Mr. Lawrence.

* * *

The Soviet periodical, "New Times", believes that without the Governor, Sir George Cunningham's agreement and aid Tribes separated from Kashmir by the N.W.F.P. territory could not have attacked Kashmir.

We disagree. It is quite probable that the Tribes are doing it without Sir George's knowledge in, for instance undecodable cypher.

* * *

An address of welcome was presented to Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan by tribesmen at Jamrud and referring, in his reply to their protest against the Pakistan Government impeding movements of tribesmen towards the Kashmir border, the Prime Minister maintained that as the matter had been referred to UNO he would prefer to keep silent on the question.

Thus the tribesmen did their duty and Mr. Liaquat Ali did his.

* * *

Gandhiji says he wants to live to see the right kind of Pakistan "not on paper, not in the orations of Pakistan orators, but in the daily life of every Pakistani Muslim"

It would be enough if the orators made a beginning with themselves.

* * *

Sir Md. Zafrullah Khan is reported to have said at a Newfoundland airport, where he was held up 'en route' to New York: "We, in Pakistan, have our military and monetary problems, as well as religious difficulties, and these would be discussed at the sessions at Lake Success".

Hullo, hullo! What did he mean? Has he been correctly reported at all?

U. S. ARMS AND MUNITION FOR MIDDLE EAST

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14 (UPA)—Under Secretary of State Robert Lovett told the press today that there had been no change in the United States' policy of embargo against shipment of arms and munitions to the Middle East.

Asked concerning reports that the United States would supply arms to the Arabs and Jews as soon as the United Nations Palestine Committee was established in the Holy Land, Lovett said he knew of no statement of policy to that effect which had been made, and pointed out that as long as the British held their mandate over Palestine, they are in control of the policy regarding admission of arms to the Holy Land. Lovett added that no studies were being made of the possibility of using United States forces to implement the partitioning of Palestine.

Questioned concerning the possibility of United States marines and other forces going to Palestine, Lovett said there was nothing new beyond what was disclosed last week. Declaring nothing further developed on this, Lovett said any such guard or group would be "small" and only large enough to provide actual protection of the Consulate's property.

'ANTI-COMMUNIST AND ANTI-GOVT.'

Mani On Attitude Of U.S. And British Press

NAGPUR, Jan. 15. (UPI): "Unless the Indian Newspapers organise themselves like the 'New York Times' and London 'Times', they cannot possibly hope to build up a strong forum of public opinion", observed Mr. A.D. Mani, Managing Editor of the 'Hitavada' who has just returned from an extensive tour of the United States and the United Kingdom.

Referring to the attitude of the different newspapers in the U.S.A. and the U. K. to the world situation, Mr. Mani remarked that the noticeable feature in the American Press was that it was deadly anti-Communist and that in Britain was anti Government.

Mr. Mani made a strong plea for better and healthier working conditions for the Indian Journalists.

INDIA OPENS CASE AGAINST PAKISTAN

(Continued from Page 1)

China, is of vital importance to the security and international contacts of India.

"We have at no time put the slightest pressure on the State to accede to the Indian Dominion, because we realise that Kashmir was in a very difficult position.

PAKISTAN TAKES A HAND

"While the standstill agreement with India was being negotiated we learned that pressure was being applied on Kashmir by the Pakistan authorities with a view to coerce her into acceding to Pakistan.

"At first we did not pay any serious attention to the reports we received At that time all the energies of the Government of India were strained to the utmost in achieving the task of effecting a gigantic transfer of population on a vast scale, but reports about the application of coercive pressure began to come with increasing frequency and in or about September the position became really serious".

Mr. Ayyangar charged that the economic blockade of Kashmir was "an essential part of the plan to coerce Kashmir into acceding to the Dominion of Pakistan. Matters had come to such a pass that the Government of Kashmir had sent a telegram of protest to the Governor-General of Pakistan. The Governor-General in his reply made no effort to answer specific accusations; instead he chose to treat the communication from the Government of Kashmir as an ultimatum containing alleged threats to seek outside assistance.

INVASION OF KASHMIR

"By the time the reply of the Governor-General of Pakistan had reached the Government of Kashmir, a large-scale invasion of the State from the side of the North-West Frontier Province had actually commenced".

MAHARAJA'S APPEAL TO INDIA

Mr. Ayyangar said that because of this situation the Maharaja of Kashmir approached the Governor-General of India for military aid and addressed a letter dated Jammu October 26, 1947, to Lord Mountbatten in which he said "With the conditions obtaining at present in my State and the grave emergency as it exists I have no option but to ask for help from the Indian Dominion.

"Naturally they cannot send the help asked for by me without my State acceding to the Dominion of India. I have accordingly decided to do so and I attach the Instrument of Accession for acceptance by your Government".

Mr. Ayyangar told the Council that Lord Mountbatten replied that the Indian Government had decided to accept the Accession of the Kashmir State to the Dominion of India.

Mr. Ayyangar added:

"On the question of the Accession, the Government of India had in fact no plans to send any military assistance to Kashmir before October 25, 1947. Had India any plans ready to send troops to Kashmir before this date they would have hardly waited until the invaders had overrun half the Valley before intervening at the very last minute.

CHARGE AGAINST PAKISTAN

"There is ample proof available to establish that the invaders of Kashmir are not only being allowed transit across Pakistan territory but also draw much of their equipment, arms, transport, supplies and petrol from Pakistan. For three months thousands of tribesmen have crossed Pakistan territory and continued to pour into Kashmir. Yet Pakistan has acquiesced in this mass and continuous trespass on its own territory by people who were openly on their way to violate the integrity of a neighbouring State and to challenge the constituted authority therein. We have ample evidence to prove that the raiders include a large number of Pakistan nationals.

"There is proof to show that the raiders have in use decimal 303 rifles, bren and stenguns, two-and-three-inch mortars, 3.7 howitzers, anti-tank rifles, MarkV mines and Manpacked Walkietalkie sets.

New Phase

"In the opening phases the invaders were not in uniform. Now they are wearing battle dress, steel helmets, army greatcoats and boots. Captured vehicles have Pakistan number plates. Large quantities of petrol, a rationed article without the use of which it is not possible for any bodies of such men to reach Kashmir, would only have come from Pakistan. We have evidence showing that large numbers of buses and lorries carrying tribesmen to Kashmir had their petrol tanks filled to the brink at Pakistan pumps without coupons or payment".

TRAINING BASES IN PAKISTAN

Mr. Ayyangar charged that Pakistan officers were "training, guiding or otherwise actively helping raiders and were being allowed to use Pakistan territory as a base of operations. Main bases were at Shakargare, Sialkot, Wazirabda, Gujrat, Lalamusa, Jhelum, Rawalpindi and Abbottabad.

"During November and December several conferences were held between the Governments of the two Dominions in order to arrive at a satisfactory solution to the problem. There were moments when we thought we had almost come to a satisfactory settlement, but we did not.

"The reason was that at no time were the Government of Pakistan willing openly and categorically to dissassociate themselves from the invaders.

"In the meantime, the military situation assumed added gravity. The raiders became better organised and better equipped Thev intensified their pressure several-fold.

NEHRU'S FINAL ATTEMPT

"In one of the engagement at Jhangar our troops were attacked by 6,000 men armed with automatic weapons including medium machineguns and mortars. We could no longer tolerate this situation without endangering our own peace and safety. So on December 22, 1947, our Prime Minister handed a formal letter to the Prime Minister of Pakistan in which we made a final attempt to persuade him to take certain measures so that Pakistan might deny all assistance to the raiders. We received no reply for a week. We then brought the matter to the notice of this Council.

"Numerous communications exchanged and statements made by the Prime Ministers of India and Pakistan merely show that whereas we had been making earnest endeavours to seek the co-operation of Pakistan in effecting a withdrawal of the raiders, the Government of Pakistan had not been willing to do anything to stop the raiders from using its territory for warlike operations against Kashmir".

LIAQUAT'S REPLY

Mr. Ayyangar quoted a letter from the Prime Minister of Pakistan replying to a telegram from India's Prime Minister dated December 30, 1947, in which the Pakistan Premier asserted:

"Sikh attacks on Muslims in East Punjab in August greatly inflated feeling throughout Pakistan and it was only with difficulty that Pathan tribes were prevented from entering West Punjab to take revenge on Hindus and Sikhs. Your recent action of sending troops to Kashmir on the pretext of her accession made things infinitely worse".

Mr. Ayyangar told the Council:

"The attitude of mind disclosed in the reply given by the Prime Minister of Pakistan was regrettable. It did not attempt even to disown these raiders or codemn their activities—indeed it almost attempts to extenuate and find excuse for them".

What India Demands Of Security Council

In dealing with the subject matter of the reference made to the Security Council, Mr. Ayyangar said: "In doing so it is necessary to emphasise that there is no dispute about territory. The subject matter of reference is limited to the dispute in Kashmir and its purpose is to request the Security Council to use its undoubted influence and power firstly to prevent Pakistan Government personnel, military and civil, from participating in or assisting the invasion of Jammu and Kashmir State; secondly to call upon Pakistan nationals to desist from taking any part in the fighting in the Jammu and Kashmir State; thirdly to deny the invaders access to and use of its territory for operations against Kashmir, military and other supplies and all other kinds of aid that might tend to prolong the present struggle.

"We have referred to the Council a simple and straight forward issue. There is at this very moment a small war going on in Kashmir. Every day brings in its wake added sorrow and suffering to the people of Kashmir. Furthermore, every day that war is prolonged the danger of the extension of the area of conflict grows. Everything we have done has been in discharge of our legal constitution and constitutional and moral responsibilities and obligations.

"The withdrawal and expulsion of the raiders and invaders from the soil of Kashmir and immediate stoppage of the fight are the first and only tasks to which we have to address ourselves.

POSER TO PAKISTAN

"To our friends from Pakistan I would, therefore, address this question: 'You have welcomed this reference to the Security Council. Are we so bankrupt of faith in the need for peace, in human decency and dignity that we cannot even at this late stage agree upon our taking the action which is so obviously your duty to take, and in your calling us to cooperate with you in implementing it should you consider our assistance necessary?'".

MAHATMA'S FAST

Mr. Ayyangar concluded his address with a plea on behalf of Mahatma Gandhi whom, he said, he saw on the day he left New Delhi for New York last week.

"The most disquieting news from India today is the fast on which Mahatma Gandhi has entered. Unless the warring religious and communal fanatics in India will give up the feelings of hatred, revenge, violence and retaliation and give evidence of a real change of heart, the biggest man of the age, the greatest apostle of non-violence, peace and goodwill in the world today, might deprive us of the guidance with which his immaculate life of sacrifices has sustained us all these years. I wish we could notify him as soon as possible of a settlement between the two Dominions calculated to stop at once the fighting in Kashmir and restore conditions which will enable all, whether non-Muslims or Muslims, who have fled from the State to return to their homes.

"We can make no greater contribution to the saving of his life. May we of India and Pakistan have the vision and determination to do so".

DEBATE IN SECURITY COUNCIL

LAKE SUCCESS, New York, January 15 (Reuter): When the Security Council of the United Nations met here today the President, M. Fernand Van Langenhove invited Mr. N. G. Ayyangar for India and Sir Md. Zafrullah Khan for Pakistan to take their places at the semi-circular Council table and announced he would give the floor successively to India and Pakistan

The Ukraine was represented for the first time at the Council table by M. Vassili Tarasenko and Britain's seat was occupied oy Mr. Philip Noel Baker.

THE DELEGATIONS

The delegations from India and Pakistan sat at each end of the Council horseshoe table when Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar began his 6,000-word speech.

Mr Ayyangar sat next to the Ukranian delegate, Vassili Tarasenko. Immediately behind was tall Sheikh Abdullah wearing a Persian fur cap over which he placed headphones provided for simultaneous translation.

Sir Md. Zafrullah Khan, Pakistan's Foreign Minister, sat next to Faris Bey Alkhoury, head of the Syrian Delegation.

Fernand Van Langenhove, President of the Council, said after the Indian statement had been made that Sir Md. Zafrullah Khan, Pakistan Foreign Minister, had asked for delay before replying and it was, therefore, legitimate to accede to his request.

He would, therefore, propose to adjourn until 7-30 p.m. G.M.T. tomorrow.

ZAFRULLAH WANTS TIME

Sir Md. Zafrullah Khan stated: 'I have every desire to conform to the wishes of the Council in all respects, more particularly with regard to procedure and the time-table which the Council might wish to adopt in dealing with the matter.

"When you intimated it would be convenient to hear me tomorrow afternoon in reply to what my friend has had to urge I expressed readiness to fall in with your wishes.

"The statement which we have just heard does, however, raise so many matters that are in controversy between India and Pakistan, that I do feel with all respect that if it were possible to grant to me a little longer time to make a reply to the statement, I could do better justice to the case on the side of Pakistan.

The President then said if Sir Md. Zafrullah presented his case tomorrow this would not prejudice the right of his Government to make further statements as required in debate.

Faris-al-Khoury (Syria) said: "It should be just and fair to grant Pakistan longer delay to prepare a statement. I do not think that the few hours between today and tomorrow are enough. I do not see any objection to granting delay until Monday morning.

Mr. Ayyangar then said: "I do not with it to appear as if India wanted to put any obstacle in the way of the proper presentation of the case for Pakistan.

In the interest of urgency we hope the Security Council will approve the President's suggestion to adjourn till tomorrow afternoon."

Mr. Philip Noel Baker, Britain, suggested that a possible compromise would be a Saturday meeting, to which the Assistant Secretary-General objected as this raised financial difficulties.

Mr. Noel Baker said: "Surely it would be more serious, if this case went wrong. It would be very serious if a discussion of a grave international situation were held up by budgetary consideration."

Sir Md. Zafrullah Khan said that he would require more time to deal with the Indian statement in detail although he was prepared to speak from notes tomorrow or Saturday.

PAKISTAN HAD NO KEY?

Referring to Mr. Ayyangar's statement that the Indian Government had informed Pakistan beforehand, Sir Md. Zagrulla recalled that the first Indian communication was sent to Pakistan in cypher, of which Pakistan did not possess the key.

Senator Warren Austin, United States, declared: "My Government considers this matter is of urgent importance but the Council should not take intemperate action. We would favour Sir Md. Zafrullah's suggestion that he make a preliminary statement tomorrow, while reserving the right to complete the case at a later date. The United States Government believes we should make progress as rapidly as possible and, therefore, favours meeeting tomorrow afternoon."

The President then adjourned the session until 7-30 p.m. (G.M.T.) tomorrow (i.e. 1 a.m. I.S.T. Saturday).

Bhavnagar's Reception To Sardar Patel

BHAVNAGAR, Jan. 15. (A.P.I.): India's Deputy Prime Minister Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Mr. V. P. Menon, Secretary to the States Ministry, arrived here by air from Delhi this morning and were received by the Maharajah of Bhavnagar, the Dewan, and the President of the Bhavnagar Praja Parishad Mr. Balvantrai Mehta.

Soon after the State's Minister's arrival the Maharajah at a durbar held at the Dhara Sabha hall announced his decision to introduce full responsible Government in the State.

The Maharajah also announced that an Interim Ministry would be appointed pending the framing of a new constitution by a Committee appointed for the purpose.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel later addressed a public meeting where he was given a rousing reception by the people. Sardar Patel congratulated the Maharajah on giving a lead to Kathiawar States.

Sardar Patel is leaving for Rajkot this evening, and after spending the night there will fly to Bombay tomorrow morning.

PLAN TO WRECK MARSHALL PLAN

Communist Plot To Organise Labour Strike On Ruhr

DUSSELDORF, Jan. 15. (Reuter): Reports published in Berlin of the discovery of a "secret Communist plan" to wreck the Marshall Plan by strikes in the Ruhr have been received with reserve in political quarters here.

In some British quarters it is felt that the providential "leakage" of the details of the plot may be explained by the fact that the German authorities would be very pleased to strengthen their hands in dealing with the allied authorities over the food crisis by waving a Communist bogey to distract attention from their own sins of omission.

Both British and German officials and politicians agree in private that it would be foolish to ascribe the present strike wave to "Communist agitation".

The Cominform, nine-nation Communist information centre at Belgrade, had been assigned the task of co-ordinating "the common fight of all Socialistic movements in Europe" against the Marshall Plan, the paper "Der Kurier" said.

The plan declares, according to "Der Kurier" that although not yet a member of the Cominform, the German Communist party holds a "key position in the coming fight".

The newspaper said the plan urged Communist party functionaries to remain in the background.

PANDEMONIUM IN FRENCH ASSEMBLY

Communist Members Raise Question Of Legality Of Session

PARIS, Jan 15. (U.P.A.): Ushers in the French National Assembly had to separate fighting deputies today, as for the third-straight day the Communists threw the proceedings into pandemonium.

The Assembly adjourned at the end of a two-hour session, until January 28, leaving the question of constitutionality of its organization undecided.

The Constitution provides that the Bureau of the Assembly must contain proportional representation of all parties. After the list of Bureau members in which Duclos was designated third Vice President was approved yesterday, all Communist members of the Bureau handed their resignations to Herriot and now claim that since they are not represented on it, the Bureau is not legally constituted.

Herriot invited the Communists to submit a new list, but they did not reply.

INDIA DECIDES TO PAY PAKISTAN 55 CRORES

(Continued From Page 1)

and add still further to his unparalleled services to India.

The Government have decided to implement immediately the financial agreement with Pakistan in regard to the cash balances. The amount due to Pakistan on the basis of this agreement, i.e., Rupees fifty-five crores, minus the expenditure incurred by the Government of India since the 15th August on Pakistan account, will, therfore, be paid to the Government of Pakistan.

This decision is the Government's contribution, to the best of their ability, to the non-violent and noble effort made by Gandhiji in accordance with the glorious traditions of this great country, for peace and goodwill."

JAWAHAR ON GOODWILL GESTURE

The Prime Minister of India, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru in a separate statement explaining the Government's decision said:

"We have come to this decision in the hope that this gesture, in accord with India's high ideals and Gandhiji's noble standards, will convince the world of our earnest desire for peace and goodwill. We earnestly trust also that this will go a long way towards producing a situation which will induce Gandhiji to break his fast. That fast of course had nothing to do with this particular matter, and we have thought of it because of our desire to help in every way in easing the present tension."

The Prime Minister said:—

"The Government's decision in regard to the payment of the cash balances to Pakistan has been taken after the most careful thought and after consultation with Gandhiji. I should like to make it clear that this does not mean any change in our unanimous view about the strength and validity of the Government's position as set out in various statements made by distinguished colleagues of mine. Nor do we accept the facts or arguments advanced in the latest statement of the Finance Minister of Pakistan.

"We have come to this decision in the hope that this generous gesture, in accord with India's high ideals and Gandhiji's noble standards, will convince the world of our earnest desire for peace and goodwill. We earnestly trust also that this will go a long way towards producing a situation which will induce Gandhiji to break his fast. That fast of course had nothing to do with this particular matter, and we have thought of it because of our desire to help in every way in easing the present tension.

PLEDGE TO KASHMIR HOLDS.

"But let it be remembered that the people of Kashmir are suffering from a brutal and unprovoked invasion and we have pledged ourselves to help them to gain their freedom. To that pledge we shall hold and we shall do our utmost to redeem it. We seek their freedom not for any gain to us but to prevent the ravishing of a fair country and a peaceful people.

MAHATMA CLEARS DOUBTS ABOUT FAST

Says It Is No Condemnation Of Sardar's Policy

NEW DELHI, Jan. 15. (A.P.I.): The fast which Mahatma Gandhi has undertaken is a process of self-purification for all. It would be wrong to make any insinuation against the purity of the step said Mahatma Gandhi in a written message which was read out to the prayer audience this evening.

The following is the text of the authorised version of Mahatma Gandhi's message:—"newspapermen sent me a message two hours after my prayer speech of last evening, asking to see me as they had some doubts to be cleared. After a heavy day's work I felt disinclined out of some exhaustion to see them for discussion. I therefore told Pyarelalji to inform them to excuse me and further tell them that they should put down the questions in writing and send them to me next morning. They did so'.

The first question is: You have undertaken the fast when there was no disturbance of any kind in any part of the Indian Dominion.

The reply is: What was it if it was not a disturbing disturbance for a crowd to make an organised and a determined attempt to take forcible possession of Muslim houses. The disturbance was such that the military had to reluctantly resort to tear gas and even to a little shooting if only overhead, before the crowd dispersed. It would have been foolish for me to wait till the last Muslim had been turned out of Delhi by subtle undemonstrative methods, which I would describe as killing by inches.

REFERENCE TO SARDAR.

"You have stated that you could not give any reply to the Muslims who came to you with their tale of fear and insecurity and who have complained that Sardar Patel, who is in charge of Home Affairs, is anti-Muslim. You have also stated that Sardar Patel is no longer a "yes—man" as he used to be. These factors create the impression that the fast is more intended to bring about a change of heart in the Sardar and thereby amounts to a condemnation of the policy of the Home ministry. It would be helpful if you can clear the position".

Mahatma Gandhi said: "As to this I feel that my reply was precise, not admitting of more interpretations than one. The suggested interpretation never crossed my mind. If I had known that my statement could bear any such interpretation I should have dispelled the doubt in anticipation. Many muslim friends had complained of the Sardar's so-called anti-Muslim attitude. I had, with a degree of suppressed pain listened to them without giving any explanation. The fast, freed me from this self-imposed restraint and I was able to assure the critics that they were wrong in isolating him from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and me, whom they gratuitously raise to the sky. This isolation did them no good. The Sardar had a bluntness of speech which sometimes unintentionally hurt, though his heart was expansive enough to accommodate all. Thus my statement was meant deliberately to free a life-long and faithful comrade from any unworthy reproach.

PURPOSE OF THE FAST

My fast, as I have stated in plain language, is undoubtedly on behalf of the Muslim minority in the Union, and therefore it is necessarily against the Hindus and Sikhs of the Union and the Muslims of Pakistan. It is also on behalf of the minorities in Pakistan as in the case of the Muslim minority in the Union. This is a clumsy compression of the idea I have already explained. I cannot expect the fast taken by a very imperfect and weak mortal as I truly confess I am, to have the potency to make its protiges proof against all dangers.

Question: "Your fast has been undertaken on the eve of the meeting of the United Nations Security Council and so soon after the Karachi riot and Gujarat massacre. What publicity the latter incidents received in the foreign press is not known. But undoubtedly your fast has overshadowed all other incidents. And Pakistan representatives would not be worth their past reputation if they do not seize the opportunity to declare that the Mahatma has undertaken the fast to bring sanity among his Hindu followers, who have been making the life of the Muslims in India impossible. Truth takes a long time to reach the four corners of the globe. But in the meantime your fast may have the unfortunate effect of prejudicing our case in the eyes of the United Nations".

HELPING U.N.O.

Reply: This question does not demajority in Pakistan do not From all I have known of the powers and peoples outside India, I make bold to say that the fast has created only a healthy impression. Outsiders who are able to take an impartial and unbiased view of what is happening in India cannot distort the purpose of the fast to bring sanity to all those who inhabit both the Union and Pakistan. It is impossible to save the Muslims in the Union if the Muslim majority in Pakistan do not behave as decent men and women. Happily for the cause, the Muslims of Pakistan, as Mridulaben's enquiry of yesterday made clear, have become wide awake to a sense of their duty. The United Nations know that my fast aids them to come to a right decision and to give the right guidance to the newly made two dominions.

Junagadh Referendum In February

NEW DELHI, Jan. 15 (API): It is officially announced that in pursuance of the decision that the question of accession of Junagadh, Babariawad, Mangrol, Manavdar, Bantwa and Sadargarh should be decided by the free expression of the wishes of their people, the Government of India will be holding a referendum in these areas in the third week of February, 1948. Mr. Nagarkar, I.C.S., Judicial Commissioner Western India and Gujarat States region has been appointed to supervise the holding of the referendum.

MAHATMA LOSES WEIGHT & IS WEAKER

(Continued from Page 1)

unable to be present at the prayer meeting. However, a large gathering was present and the prayers were held as usual.

In a message which was read out to the congregation, Mahatma Gandhi repudiated the suggestions of any difference of opinion between himself and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and emphasised that the Sardar was a friend of the Muslims. Mahatma Ganuhi also said that the fast had nothing to do with the Kashmir dispute and the United Nations security Council meeting. The fast was undertaken for the objects he had already set out and for self-purification.

People who had come to the prayer were allowed to see Mahatma Gandhi, they field past in single and paid their obeisance to the Mahatma who was seated on a cot.

The Congress President Dr. Rajendra Prasad, the Burmese Ambassador U. Win, Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, Mr. Shankarrao Deo, Acharya Jugal Kishore, Mr. Khurshed Ahmed Khan, Chief Commissioner of Delhi, Mr. V. T. Krishnamachari, Dewan of Jaipur and Dr. Syed Husain saw Mahatma Gandhi this evening.

BHOPAL'S APPEAL

BHOPAL, Jan. 15. (A.P.I.): The Nawab of Bhopal in a "firman" issued today on Mahatma Gandhi's fast said: "I would ask my people, of all faiths and classes, to work together to further the end for which Mahatma Gandhi is prepared to make supreme sacrifice.'

His Highness said: "I have heard with feelings of the deepest concern of the decision of Mahatma Gandhi to embark on a fast for an indefinite period to bring about a re-union of hearts among all classes of the community. No one of whatever caste or creed can fail to appreciate the noble purpose behind the Mahatma's decision. It is a purpose which must consecrate any sacrifice, because nothing will bring the two Dominions and to their people a more blessed gift than the prospect of peace."

The Nawab added that while there had been an unbroken record of communal harmony in the State, he would ask his people to do everything in their power to spread the gospel of peace and concord wherever their influence could reach.

The Nawab announced abandonment of all activities connected with the celebrations of his birthday except such as have a definite constructive or educational value. His Highness said that festivities were out of place in the circumstances which Mahatma Gandhi's fast has brought into being."

BOMBAY SHERIFF'S APPEAL

BOMBAY, Jan. 15 (API): Mr. M. L. Dahanukar, Sheriff of Bombay, in a statement on Mahatma Gandhi's fast says that leaders of "both the communities from the two Dominions of India and Pakistan have to give clear proof by their actions to bring about the necessary unity and safety to minorities, and thus satisfy Mahatma Gandhi about the future peace". Any delay Mr. Dahanukar says, would cause danger to Mahatma Gandhi's health.

Mr. Dahanukar suggests a round table conference of Officials and leaders of various communities from both the Dominions to give an assurance of lasting peace and harmony in the land, persuade Mahatma Gandhi to give up his fast and save his life "which is precious not only for India but to the whole world".

NATIONAL DAY OF PRAYER SUGGESTED

BOMBAY, Jan. 15 (API): Mr. Dawood Hajee Nasser, President of the Africa and Overseas Merchants Chamber, Bombay, has appealed to Mahatma Gandhi to give up his fast as it would endanger an all too precious life which is badly required for Inter-Dominion amity.

Mr. Nasser requested Mahatma Gandhi to suggest to the nation a day of prayer and fasting to enable all communities in their places of worship to invoke the aid of the Almighty to achieve the Hindu-Muslim unity.

MUSLIM SOCIAL WORKERS' APPEAL

BOMBAY, Jan. 15 (API): Leaflets bearing Mahatma Gandhi's photo with the caption "Long Live Mahatmaji" and appealing for peace were distributed in the city today by Muslim social workers.

Mr. Ibrahim Mistry, President of the Bombay Muslim Social Workers' Group, in a statement says: "Gandhiji's fast is an emergent call to all people to work sincerely and earnestly towards restoration of peace".

MADRAS PREMIER'S CALL TO PEOPLE

MADRAS, Jan. 15 (API): Mr. O. P. Ramaswamy Reddiar, Premier of Madras has issued an appeal today the people of the Province and trustees and managers of temples, churches, mutts and mosques to offer special prayers" to save Gandhiji's life so that he may carry on his labour of love for long and grant us the wisdom to follow his path".

The Premier in the course of the appeal said, prophets there have been, who have undergone sufferings gladly in the cause of what they considered right when sufferings were imposed on them: but no prophet has voluntarily invited sufferings on himself like Mahatma Gandhi in order that other may be saved. In the atmosphere of hatred which is pervading the whole country he stands forth as a supreme example of the heights to which the human spirit can rise".

SOCIALIST PARTY'S CONCERN

NEW DELHI, Jan. 15 (API): The Executive Committee of the Socialist Party, Delhi, passed a resolution viewing with 'great concern' Mahatma Gandhi's fast and "considers it a challenge to all the progressive forces of the country, which if unable to assert themselves at this juncture, will not only loose their greatest champion but will give away the country to forces of reaction".

The Executive has invited all the forces that stand for communal harmony and peace to rally together and work "to save the father of the nation".

The Socialist Party has decided to hold a rally of Mardoors, Kisans and students at Gandhi ground tomorrow.

After the rally a joint peace procession will be taken through the main streets of Delhi. Mr. Jaya Prakash Narain and Dr. Ram Manohar Lohiya will address the rally.

SPECIAL PRAYERS IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Jan. 15, (API): In accordance with the appeal of the Governor of West Bengal, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, special prayers will be held at a number of centres in Calcutta and West Bengal tomorrow for long life of Mahatma Gandhi and the restoration of communal goodwill, for which he has undertaken his fast.

Mr. Rajagopalachari will attend the special prayers to be held at the famous Kali temple at Kalighat and also at the Sikh Gurudwara in South Calcutta.

The Marwari Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta, has wired to Mahatma Gandhi that the members are praying that the citizens of Delhi, and of all parts of India and Pakistan, may set their faces against communalism.

The Muslim leader, Sir Abdul Halim Ghuznavi, has called for a huge national effort to save Mahatmaji's precious life. By saving his life the country will find communal unity and everything else that it has been striving for, he says.

BIHAR STUDENTS' DELEGATION FOR DELHI

PATNA, Jan. 14 (API): The Working Committee of the Bihar Provincial Students' Peace and Relief Committee passed a resolution today requesting the citizens of Bihar, particularly the students, to maintain communal harmony and to hold meetings praying for Mahatma Gandhi's life and to act in a manner so as to induce him to break his fast.

The Committee also requested the Bihar Government to arrange for sending a students' delegation to Delhi to offer their services in the maintenance of peace and communal harmony in the capital of Indian Dominion.

U. P. GOVERNOR CANCELS ENGAGEMENTS

LUCKNOW, Jan. 15. (API): Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, the U. P. Governor, has cancelled all her public and private engagements, not connected with her official duties for the duration of Mahatma Gandhi's fast.

Refugees Stage Hostile Demonstration

NEW DELHI, Jan. 15. (API): A procession of nearly 500 Sikh volunteers, belonging to the National Volunteer Corps, paraded the main streets of the city this morning, shouting slogans for communal harmony and appealing to the citizens of Delhi to maintain peace for the sake of Mahatma Gandhi's life.

The progress of the procession was, however, held up for some time in the City Bazar by a crowd of about one thousand Punjab refugees who staged a hostile demonstration against "the peace procession".

MOUNTBATTEN'S HOPE

BIKANER, Jan. 15. (API.) The Governor-General, Lord Mountbatten speaking here today referred to Mahatma Gandhi's fast and expressed the hope that it would be successful in its object at as early a date as possible.

BOMB EXPLOSION AT NUDUORT

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Jan. 15 (A.P.I.): Two persons were seriously injured when a crude bomb exploded at Nuduort in Secunderabad last night. They were alleged to be engaged in the manufacture of the explosives. The police arrested the injured persons who were admitted to hospital. Two more arrests have been made in this connection.

FRANKFURT, Jan. 15. (UPA). Dena reported today that an estimated 25,000 metal construction and fitsmte workers went on a 24-hour strike in Oberhausen, near Essen, this morning to protest the poor food conditions in the Ruhr.

Deadlier Than Atom Bomb!

The world is perturbed over the atom bomb. But how many of us know that even if every atom bomb and facilities for its manufacture were destroyed tomorrow, there would still be available weapons that could wipe out the last vestige of human, animal and vegetable life? Read the smashing expose of these secret weapons in the next 'Bombay Chronicle Weekly.'

Kathakali In Kangarooland

Sounds as strange as Kangaroos romping in India. But the South Indian dancer Shivaram has made it a reality and is playing to crowded houses there with his all-Australian troupe. Look out for this exclusive pictorial feature next Sunday.

Remarque And Pertinax

Among the distinguished contributors to next B.C.W. are these two famous German and French authors. You will, however, have to find out yourself what they write about!

Don't Miss Your Copy of *Bombay Chronicle* Weekly

Sunday, January 18

R

For failure to declare quantities of pulses in excess of five Bengal Maunds, DAMJI ZEVAT SHAH was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 500.

Narsing Shankersa was convicted for obtaining 'dhotis' without a ration document and sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

For possessing rice in excess of his normal requirements, Hormasji Dinshaji Gharda was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and pay a fine of Rs. 300 or two months' simple imprisonment in default.

For unauthorised possession of rice Babu Dhondiba was convicted and sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

Karnatak Demands Separate Province

Legislators Threaten To Resign If Their "Claim Is Not Respected"

DUBLI, Jan. 14 (A.P.I.)—A resolution warning the Congress High Command that Karnatak members of Central and Provincial legislatures may have to resign if separate Karnatak Province was not formed simultaneously with Andhra and if the Kannadigas' legitimate demand for separate province was not conceded as early as possible was passed at a special meeting of the general body of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee tonight.

The meeting which was attended by Mr. M. P. Patil, Bombay Agriculture Minister, three Bombay Parliamentary secretaries and several M. L. As. of Madras and Bombay authorised the president to appoint a committee to represent matters to A.I.C.C. the Congress Working Committee and the Union Government.

FULL TEXT

Following is the full text of the resolution:—

"This special general body of the K. P. C. C. to which the members of Madras and Bombay legislatures and Constituent Assembly members and other invitees are invited has reviewed the situation in all parts of Karnatak arising out of the reaction to the statement of the Premier Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru on the 27th of November on the floor of the Indian Parliament regarding the formation of linguistic provinces. While it notes with approval that the Indian Government has accepted the principle of linguistic provinces, the fact that Andhra only will be recognised as a province has brought about dissatisfaction, frustration and resentment throughout Karnataka. This meeting is definitely of opinion that such discrimination is sure to act detrimentally to our province which has already suffered by disintegration and that the grounds urged for putting off the claim of Karnatak to be recognised immediately as a province are unconvincing and urged that the Karnatak province should be formed simultaneously with Andhra and enumerate Karnataka as a province in the constitution that is being framed."

NO ALTERNATIVE TO RESIGNATION

"This meeting has noted with great concern the growing feeling of the restlessness at the delay by the Union Government in respecting the claim of Karnatak as a separate province and is emphatically of the view that the representatives in the legislatures will not be in a position to reflect public opinion nor function as such so long as their claim is not recognised and Karnataka is not formed along with Andhra. It, therefore, urges the High Command to give due attention to this vital problem and make a declaration forthwith that Karnataka could be formed as province of the Union along with Andhra, without making any distinction between the two provinces. It further respectfully wishes to bring to the note of the High Command that in case this legitimate demand is not conceded as early as possible. The members from Karnataka in all the legislatures, Central and Provincial will have no alternative but to request the High Command to allow them to resign from the bodies as first step.

ASSURANCE TO HIGH COMMAND

The meeting at the same time assures the High Command and the country that it is quite alive to the great pressing problems that are engaging the attention of the Indian Government and that their decision in behalf of the formation of their own province does not in any way affect their determination to stand by the Indian Government in dealing with those other problems.

This meeting of the K.P.C.C. authorises the President to appoint a committee to take all steps in this respect including the representation of the all matters in furtherance of the above resolution to the A.I.C.C., the Working Committee, the Union Government and to the Constituent Assembly at the earliest opportunity."

NEWSPRINT FROM STERLING & DOLLAR COUNTRIES

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Jan. 15.

The Government of India have fixed separate ceilings for newsprint from Sterling and Dollar countries. Allotments for newsprint from Sterling areas naturally will be larger than from Dollar countries. Newspapers are advised to make separate applications for newsprint supplies from Dollar and Sterling areas. All applications must reach the Chief Controller of Imports, Government of India by January 20.

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Realism Returns With "Bengal Lancer"—Laughs Galore In "Dear Ruth"—Van Johnson In Dramatic Role In "The Romance Of Rosy Ridge"

Excelsior

THE LIVES OF A BENGAL LANCER (Paramount)

Players: Gary Cooper, Franchot Tone, Richard Cromwell.

Except for its title, this re-issue of the popular film made ten years ago, has nothing whatever to do with Major Yeats-Brown's book of the same name. As a matter of fact, for once I have found the photoplay far more engrossing than the dreary original—so much so, that I have chased the picture around in no less than three far-flung cities of the globe.

Don't let the veneer of British jingoism via Hollywood, running through the picture, keep you away. Actually, it is as much debunked as upheld. Anybody who has served with the Indian Army in the North West Frontier Province, is bound to feel a sort of nostalgia for the bare mountains, the rugged men and above all the trumpet's call.

The Pukkah-soldier is well typefied in the persons of Colonel Stone, the Commanding Officer of the 21st Lancers and his second, Major Hamilton. The opposites to these brass-hats, are three young lieutenants: MacGregor, a Scottish Canadian who rebels against red tape and discipline, Forsythe, a fine but happy-go-lucky soldier, and the junior Stone, straight from Sandhurst. The crusty old Colonel will grant his son no privilege because of their relationship. His outward indifference to the boy's welfare, results in the latter falling a prey to the wiles of a woman spy who lures him to the mountain stronghold of a tribal chieftain.

Against orders, MacGregor and Forsythe go out to the boy's rescue disguising themselves as tribesmen. When discovered, torture fails to elicit from their information about an ammunition train which the chieftain wishes to way-lay. Young Stone, however, divulges the secret. In the ensuing fight between the 21st Lancers and the chieftain, MacGregor loses his life in setting fire to an arsenal, while Stone redeems himself by killing, single-handed, the tribal leader whose death causes his men to surrender. The last scene in which the D. S. O. is awarded Stone and Forsythe, and posthumously to MacGregor on whose horse's saddle it is pinned, is indeed moving.

The late Sir Guy Standing and C. Aubrey Smith give life-like portrayals of the old army types. Gary Cooper is virile and attractive as MacGregor, but Franchot Tone runs away with many scenes played in a delightfully nonchalant vein as the cynical Forsythe. The difficult role of the junior Stone who begins as a weakling and ends a hero, is safe in the hands of Richard Cromwell. The woman spy is the one artificial note in an otherwise realistic production with true to life characterisation, except for the Yankee accents of Tone and Cromwell.

On Parade, young and old!

Strand

DEAR RUTH (Paramount)

Players: William Holden, Joan Caulfield, Edward Arnold, Mona Freeman.

Director: William D. Russell.

A time-honoured theme here provides frolicsome entertainment. You can shut the door on your worries and share the fun of the delightful nonsense to which Judge Wilkins and his family fall prey, due to the overardent patriotism of the baby of the roost, the precocious Miriam.

Poor Ruth was blissfully unaware that home-sick, sex-starved servicemen, had been corresponding with her via Miriam who was bent on keeping up the morale of the troops serving abroad and so used her grown-up sister's name and pictures to cheer up the lonely darlings abroad. Alas, one such love wolf does turn up in the person of a young airman. He is big and strong and handsome Ruth has not the heart of disillusion him, so she carries on with the masquerade, which, however, becomes complicated owing to the jealousy of her real fiance, a very wet banker.

What's going to happen now? Of course you know that Ruth and the serviceman with that revenous look will pair off leaving the banker twitting his thumbs. But what you don't know is that no sooner have the lovebirds flown out of the roost, with the judge's blessings, than in comes more trouble through the door, in the shape of a tough marine—yet another loveletter Romeo!

This adaptation of Norman Krasua's Broadway stage hit, bears the impress of its origin inasmuch as dialogue predominates over action. However, its jolly spirit triumphs over this weakness.

Mona Freeman is enchanting as the cause of the blithe comedy of errors, while Mary Philips and Edward Arnold are tops as Ma and Pa. The sweet Joan Caulfield and the manly William Holden as the lovers are somewhat swamped by the whirlpool of ludicrousness. As the banker, Billy de Wolfe is not as funny as of yore.

The postman brings a parcel of fun.

Metro

THE ROMANCE OF ROSY RIDGE (M.G.M.)

Players: Van Johnson, Janet Leigh, Marshall Thompson, Selena Royle.

Director: Roy Rowland.

As the Metro has no fixed day for its press-shows and as its Management continue to neglect repeated requests to intimate this office IN WRITING, of the dates of their press-shows, I am unable to give you my independent view of the present film. All I can do, is to give you an idea of the story and its settings from the synopsis provided.

The period is the post-American Civil War days, and the drama is provided by the bitterness between the sympathisers of the North and the South. To a farm in the backwoods of Ozark, comes a stranger, Henry Carson, who stays in the employ of the owner, MacBean. The latter's daughter and Henry are attracted to each other but the boy knows the old man will not give his blessings till Henry has declared where his loyalty has lain.

The film deals with the attempts of Henry to make the formers realise that the care of their crops should supercede their political hangovers. A tune that he plays, makes the farmers split into two camps and Henry at last confesses he had fought for the North—by the very side of Ben, MacBean's son, who in his death throes, had directed him to the farm.

Van Johnson, according to reports, is said to acquit himself creditably as Henry Carson, with newcomer Janet Leigh—a discovery of Norma Shearer—playing the feminine lead. Dean Stockwell is also on the cast as one of the sons of MacBean, who is played by Thomas Mitchell.

RETURN FILMS

RIVOLI: "Buck Privates Come Home"—Bud Abbott and Lou Costello

BANDRA TALKIES—Sat.-Tues.: "I Have Always Loved You"—Catharine McLeod and Phillip Dorn. Wed.-Fri.: "The Crusades"—Loretta Young, Henry Wilcoxen.

The Management of Aurora and Palace Talkies are requested to keep this office informed of their change of programme. All intimation must reach us by the evening of every Wednesday, at the latest.

SUNDAY MORNING SHOWS

METRO: "The Snow-Off"—Marilyn Maxwell, Red Skelton.

STRAND: "To Each His Own"—Olivia De Havilland, John Lund.

Seeing THE Shows WITH "SARDI"

LEFT: Janet Leigh and Van Johnson in "The Romance Of Rosy Ridge" (Metro)

RIGHT: William Holden and Joan Caulfield in "Dear Ruth" (Strand).

ENGINEERS HAVE GREAT PART TO PLAY IN INDIA

Country Must Be Freed Of Poverty, Squalor And Illiteracy, Says Gadgil

BOMBAY, Thursday.

"We will fight the remaining enemies poverty, squalor and illiteracy, as we fought them in the past. We want to tackle these problems with the same spirit as our troops are fighting on the Kashmir front." This promise was given by Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power of the Government of India addressing a 26th annual session of the Institution of Engineers, held this morning at the B.E.S.T. Conference room.

The Minister said that the Government was "besieged" literally from Kashmir to Kanyakumari with problems that were communal, provincial and linguistic and of every variety. Every member of the Government was working without a day's rest for 18 hours a day. And as if these complications were not enough Gandhiji had started his fast. Still the fact that the Prime Minister had allowed him to inaugurate this conference showed that the Government was alive to interests that were enduring.

Referring to the employment of foreign experts in India, Mr. Gadgil said that since the assumption of office by the Congress they had not employed any foreigners. Most of the foreigners had gone and the rest were going.

Talking of the present problems confronting the Government of India on two fronts—defence and development. This Government, he said would do its best to enlist every talent and all the resources which they could lay hands on to tackle these two urgent problems of India.

Replying to the criticism that the Government was neglecting irrigation to generation power, he said that the principal aim of the Government was to make this country self?countcient from point of food. He remarked that the slogan before the Government was "Water for land, power for industry and employment for people".

He said that the aim of the Government was to provide food, cloth and shelter for every man and woman. If they could not secure these primary things for the people, the aim of good Government was lost, he said. Relating a Chinese story, the Minister said that once a Chinese Emperor asked a philosopher how he could establish his rule permanently. The philosopher replied that there should be sufficient food and clothing for people and they should have confidence that justice would be done by him.

He told the engineers that they had a great part to play if they wanted to eliminate poverty and squalor and nobody could successfully remove them without engineers. "With enthusiasm, patriotism and talents that we have "the Minister hoped. "that we will be able to realise our ideals earlier than we think".

"Even after partition" Mr. Gadgil said, "we have 34 crores of population and immense natural resources, and everything to make our lives worth living".

AGE OF PROSPERITY WILL COME

Only When Industry Plays Its Part Properly, Says Gadgil

BOMBAY, Thursday.

"Industry should now play its part consistent with the spirit of the times and reconcile itself that hereafter the age of huge profits is gone and an era of reasonable profits has set in" observed the Hon'ble Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power at the Marwari Chamber of Commerce this afternoon.

He added: "It will be to the eternal glory of industry to realise that when we have made the country free it should also be a country of equal opportunity for one and all. When labour also plays its part, the age of plenty and prosperity will come".

Referring to the country's mineral production, Mr. Gadgil said it was the policy of Government not to allow export of minerals which can be utilised in the country. At present, however, export of limited quantities was permitted for necessary exchange facilities to import essential foodstuff and other material.

The object of the electricity bill, continued Mr. Gadgil, was to co-ordinate and rationalise and thus secure proper development of the country's power resources. The main feature they had tried to embody in the bill was limitation of profits. Electricity was the only industry in which the return was certain, the output could not be stored and was consumed instantly, and there was no competition in a secure market.

The Minister assured the Chamber that their suggestions and grievances would be sympathetically and instantly considered by his Department, not in the old traditional way but with an open mind.

BENARES, Jan. 15 (UPI): The Congress, it is understood, is maintaining a blacklist of the anti-national press in India. A blackbook, printed in New Delhi, has been supplied to the City and District Congress Committees wherein anti-national news and articles will be shown, along with relevant cuttings.

The Hon. Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power, Government of India, delivering the inaugural address at the 26th session of the Bombay centre of the Institute of Engineers on Thursday.

INDIAN BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS NEED NOT FEAR

Gadgil's Plea For Planning Of Multi-Purpose Schemes

BOMBAY, Thursday:

"We have won the battle of freedom. Let us win the battle against poverty, hunger and dearth by planning and execution of multi-purpose schemes which provides water for land, power for industry and employment all round," remarked the Hon'ble Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power, Government of India, replying to Mr. Motichand G. Shah, President of the Western India Builders Association at a meeting held this evening in the Board Room of the Associated Cement Companies.

Mr. Motichand G. Shah had said that the Indian builders and contractors were feeling quite perturbed to hear reports that the Government of India were contemplating to negotiate with Foreign Firms for execution of large projects. Even if the execution of the works required special plant and machinery which were not available and could not be easily available in this country it would be very advantageous that the particular sections of work be carried out by outside experts under the supervision and control of Indian builders who would thus be able to gain the necessary knowledge and experience to tackle similar jobs independently hereafter.

Mr. Gadgil welcomed the suggestion and said that he would give due consideration to it. The multi-purpose schemes were somewhat new to our country. The Government were anxious to accelerate their development programme. It was rather difficult to import foreign plant and machinery. The country was already spending over Rs. 110 crores a year over imports of foodgrains. The import of machinery would mean securing further dollar exchange. The objection against employment of foreign capital or foreign talents would have been quite valid before August 15, for then it would have connotated foreign domination. In the present circumstances such prejudices were unnecessary and unjustified.

"I want your advice and will welcome your co-operation," continued Mr. Gadgil in the work of fulfilling the dreams and aspirations of our people and translating them into concrete and steel. Certainly the existing talent in the country would not be disregarded.

"With the confidence you have in your engineers and the faith I have in my country, let us build a state worthy of our ancient past, from which poverty will be banished and in which every man will be able to work about with self-respect, knowing that he will be valued not for what he had in his pocket but for what he stands in life," concluded Mr. Gadgil.

LEGISLATION ON COASTAL SHIPPING

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Jan. 15.

The Government of India has decided to bring up the necessary legislation during the forthcoming budget session of the Central Legislature commencing here from January 28 reserving coastal shipping trade to bottoms, owned and managed exclusively by Indian nationals, I learn.

NEW DELHI, Jan. 15 (UPI): Henry Mille Polak has sent the following cable from London to Mahatma Gandhi: "Loving sympathies. Hope successful. God's blessing."

Attempted To Ship T.N.T. Explosives To Palestine

NEW YORK, Jan. 15 (Reuter)—Federal Bureau of Investigation agents today arrested five men over an attempt to ship "T. N. T." explosives to Palestine and are seeking five other people.

Warrants had been issued for two of them believed to have left for Palestine on November 1, 1947, on board the steamship Rossia it was stated.

They were identified as Nahaman Yardeni described as the owner of the Martech Export Company and Awadji Joselewitch said to be the owner of the Oved Trading Company both of New York.

The fifth man arrested tonight was identified as Martin Adelson of New York.

All five arrested have been released on 1,000 dollars bails.

The charges are based on the seizure on January 3 of 30 crates of "T.N.T." listed with United States customs as containing "used industrial machinery and parts."

Mr. Edward Scheidt, Special F.B.I. Agent said those arrested earlier today were: Philip A'per, Moses Wolfson, Jack Dorfman, and Joseph Selger.

All are of New York.

They were charged with violation of the United States code in giving false statements regarding exports.

Intends To Stay In Berlin Despite Russian Protest

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14 (U.P.A.): Under Secretary of State Robert Lovett told a press conference today that the United States intends to remain in Berlin, despite Russian hints that the United States and Britain get out. He said the policy is to remain in Berlin in discharge of American obligations.

Lovett said that the United States did not receive any Soviet Note concerning the continuation of the four-power occupation of Berlin.

Lovett said he was without information concerning the reported reopening of the United States air base in Tripoli, in Libya. He added that he should think the State Department would have been consulted if such plans were under way.

Lovett told the press conference that the United States just sent a Note replying to a Yugoslav request for the release of Yugoslav gold reserves here. He said the text of the Note would be released shortly.

Lovett said the United States assumed that the 16 Marshall plan nations in western Europe would not meet in a formal conference again, until Congress gave some indication of the definite form in which the recovery plan would be approved. He said there had been meetings of working parties on various phases, but the United States made no suggestion for a full 16-power session.

Strengthening U. S. Communication With Greece

American Planes Allowed To Use Mellaha Airfield

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14 (Reuter): Military authorities said here today that British permission for United States transport planes to use Mellaha airfield, in Libya, will strengthen communications with Greece over what are regarded here as the crucial coming months.

They said American aircraft would thus be able to use a southern route across the Atlantic during the winter's difficult flying weather along the northern route, and speed up air connections between Athens and Washington.

The fact that permission to use the field is only temporary was considered unimportant. Mellaha will be of main importance only till spring, when normal northern Atlantic and trans European routes can again be relied on, they said.

The tightening of communications is one of series of such steps taken by the United States since the situation in Greece took a turn for the worse with the formation of the guerilla regime.

Usually well-informed quarters in London believed tonight that the purpose of the United States decision to reopen and develop the Mellaha airfield was to assure air communications not only with Greece but with Palestine also in case American troops became involved in fighting in these areas. American marines are already in the neighbourhood of these danger zones.

The Foreign Office spokesman, who this morning confirmed that the British administration in Tripolitania had agreed to the United States request to take over the airfield, added that the permission was subject to final decisions on the disposal of all the former Italian colonies. These are to be taken later this year by the Council of Foreign Ministers or by the United Nations General Assembly.

SMUGGLING ILLEGAL IMMIGRANTS INTO CANADA

Seven People Detained For Investigation

OTTAWA, Jan. 15 (Reuter)—Royal Canadian mounted police said last night that further developments will follow Scotland Yard investigation into the international smuggling ring which has been getting illegal immigrants into Canada by using faked British passports.

The passports of seven people detained in Canada were being sent to Scotland Yard for investigation, the "mounties" disclosed.

No Devaluation Of Sterling

LONDON, Jan. 14, (Reuter): Rumours on the London and Paris Stock Exchanges this evening of simultaneous devaluation of sterling along with the franc were described as "nonsense" in responsible London quarters tonight.

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SHARE BAZAR RULES STEADY WITH MODERATE BUSINESS

Sharp Rise In Cotton Prices On Heavy Covering

BULLION MARKET QUIETLY STEADY

BOMBAY, Jan. 15.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was steady today with moderate support on expectation of increase in steel prices. Trading was restricted and price fluctuations were confined to a narrow range.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened steady at Rs. 1900 and advanced at Rs. 1925 under moderate buying but reacted at Rs. 1915|- on scattered realising. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 373 and after improving at Rs. 379 steadied at Rs. 378. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1235 and improved at Rs. 1240 but quietened at Rs. 1235. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 634 and hardened at Rs. 639 and steadied at Rs. 637. Swadeshi shares opened at Rs. 670 and advanced at Rs. 675 while Central Bank shares were placed at Rs. 97|8.

Later on there was further realising which wiped off a portion of the improvement. Tata Steel Dfds. were done at Rs. 1897|8 and ordinary Shares were quoted at Rs. 374'8. Bombay Dyeings changed hands at Rs. 1226|4 while Kohinoors were done at Rs. 632 and Swadeshi Shares were quoted at Rs. 668. Bellapurs were done at Rs. 338|8 while Construction Shares were quoted at Rs. 247. Scindia Shares were quoted at Rs. 30|14.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1222/8 Kohinoor 632 Swadeshi 670 Nagpur 365 Simplex 241 New Great 427 Lokak 346 Indore 727/8 Century X R 500 Colaba 325 I. Bleaching 157 Swan 383 Finlay 337 Morarji 592/8 Edward 701/4 Meyer 2 D 221/4 Apollo 4/4 I U Ordinary 17/8 I U Defd 3/4 Madhusudan 280 Poddar 387/8 Khatau 1 D 275

STEEL

Tata Steel Ord. 375 Tata Steel Defd 1897/8 Second 150

CEMENT

Associated Merger 187

INDUSTRIES

Burma X D 493/12 Belapur 338/8 Shivrajpur 39 Scindia X R X D 30/10 Construction 247/8 Tata Chemical 17/4 Tata Oil 69 Indian Iron 36/6 Bengal Steel 32/1

ELECTRIC SHARES.

Tram Ord. 139 Tata Hydro 165 Andhra 1540 Power 1615

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 90 Phoenix 460 Ind. Mfg. 4460 Koorla 280 Dawn 1545 David 145 New City 237/8 Minerva 213/12 Bradbury 685 Bharucha (Defd.) 7 Bharat 48/12 Mysore 240 Madhavji 19/6 Model 210 Laxmi X D 1650 Vishnu X D 628/12 Cestern 4350 Standard 500 Sholapur 6285 Sassoon Cotton 19 Hindustan 4550 Tata 84 Ahmedabad Advance 540 Sassoon Silk 72/8 New Union 20 Madhusudan 292/8 Shrinivas 450 Raja Bahadur 125 Berar 265 Victoria 425 Simplex Cpn. 127.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 150 New 138/12 Surat 171/4 Karachi 145 Broach 11 Ajmer X D 9/12 Amalgamated 15/8 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 150 Bombay Suburban 176/4 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem. 100.

BANK SHARES

Reserve 116/8 Imperial 2270 P P 563/12 Central 96/8 Coupon 19 India 243 Union 10/14 Baroda 172 Habib 151/8 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 78/8 Jaipur 52 Hindustan Com. 43 Mysore 367/8 Exchange (Ord.) 50 Eastern 105.

INSURANCE

Oriental 6300 Empire 785 New India 80/8 Jupiter 33/8 Vulcan 14/9 Indian Mercantile 55 Universal Fire 15/12 British India General 21 Prud 36/8 Neptune 7 New Great 27 All-India General 31

RAILWAYS

C. P. 107 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 100

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock X R 330 Steamer X D 582/8 Burma New X D 160 B B Petrol 3/8 Mackenzie 145 Port Canning 75 Kemp 510 Zandu Pharmacy 180 Indian Investment Trust 108 Wimco 313/12 Dharamsey Chemical 37 Mukund Iron 10 Dena Trust 24 Alembic 267 Supreme India 130 Jamwire 108 Bombay Uganda 80 Bombay Motor Cycle 42 India Cement 32 Walchand Nagar Industries X R 190 United Motor 76 A. C. C. New 111/8 Bombay Safe Deposit 865 Hydri Construction 15/10.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 205 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1362/8 Tata Power 1435 Hydro 136/4 Bombay Steamer 323/12 Nagpur 705 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 825 Laxmi 310 New Great 225 Poddar 215/10 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 126 Bradbury 497/8 Surat Elec. 165/10 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 127 (Second Pref.) 122/8 Amalgamated 135 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 115 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 17/10 Supreme 120 Meyer 125 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 125 Ahd. Advance 143/12 Mysore Mill 51 Standard 100 Madhusudan 12

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4) 103/8 B. Steamer 1950 (8) 106/12 I Hume Pipe (6) 111 Tata Power 1951—102/8 Walchandnagar (6) 117

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 3/4/6 B. I. C. 9/8 Burma Corporation 3/15 New Victoria

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, Jan. 15.

MILLS.

Ahmedabad Advance 525 40
Apollo 4/4 4/5 4/4
Bharat 49/8 48/12
B. Dyeing 1232/8 27/8 40 36/4 40 22/8
C. India 364 66 63 70 65
Century 500 (Ex. Right)
Finlay 328 34 32 40 38 39 35 37
Gokak 348 45 50 45
I. U. (Defd.) 3/4/6 3/5 3/4/6 3/5/6 3/4
I. U. (Ord.) 17/3 17/5 17/3
Indore 735 20 26/4 22/8 35 27/8
Kohinoor 633 31 35 32 40 37 39 32
Laxmi 1650
Meyer 215 23/12 21/4 (Ex. Div.)
New City 235/10 37/8 35 37/8
New Great 420 22/8 22 37 27
Podar 385 87/8
Sassoon Silk 72/8
Shrinivas 450
Simplex 244 45 43 44 41
Swadeshi 674 75 70 75 72 75 68 70
Swan 380 75 83
Tata Mills 85 84 84/8 84
Vishnu 617/8 33/12
Western India 4335 50

BANKS.

Baroda 171 72
Central 96 97/8 97 98 96/8
Imperial (Old) 2275 70
India 244 43
Union 10/14
U. Commercial 76 78/8

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 150
Andhra Valley 1532/8 40
B. Tram (Ord.) 139 39/8 38/12
Hydro 165
Hydro (Pref.) 136/4
Power 1625 15
Power (Pref.) 1425

INSURANCE.

New India 80/8 80/12 80 80/8
Vulcan 14/8 14/6 14/9

STEAMER.

B. Steam 580 82/8
Scindia 31/2 30/12 30/13 30/12 30/15 30/10

STEEL.

B. Steel 32/4 31/14 32/1
I Iron 36/4 36/6 36/4 36/8 36/5 36/6
Tata (Defd.) 1902/8 10 1895 1905 1900 17/8 7/8 15 10 22/8 1897/8
Tata (Ord.) 376 77/8 75 76 74/8 78 76 78/8 74/8 75
Tata (IInd Pref.) 150 50/8 49/12 50

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 330
A. C. C. (Old) 188 87 88/8 87
A. C. C. (New) 109/8 12 11/8
Belapur 339 40 38/8
B. B. (Old) 492/8 95 93/12 96/4 93/12
B. B. (New) 158/12 60
B. B. Petrol 3/8/3 3/8
I. Bleaching 156 57
P. Const. 250 52 47 50 45/8 47/8
P. Const. (IInd Pref.) 123/12
Shivrajpur 37/8 38
Tata Chem. 17/6 17/8 17/4
Tata Oil 70/8 69
Wimco 316/4 12/8 17/8 13/12

SPECIAL.

Central Coupon 19 20 19
Central Bank (New) 96 97/8
Ahmedabad Elec. (New) 140 38/12
Laxmi Cotton Pref. 310
Simplex Coupon 126 29 27
Mysore Coupon 79 76
Tata Power Debenture 104/4 4/8

5/8 New Victoria Preference 6/8 Raja 28 Phalton 122 Gold Mohar 350 Kaiser-I-Hind 380 Sajjan 302/8 Osmanshahi 300 Azamshahi 250 Air Service 13 Air Ambika 17 Air India (Tata) 185 Hind Motor 8 India Steam 15/10 Sone Valley 11/8.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Jan. 15.

	Rs.	as.	p.
2-1/2 p.c. 1954	98	12	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1950	101	6	0
2 1/2 pc 1961	97	12	0
2 3/4 pc 1948-52	100	9	0
2-3/4 pc 1960	100	4	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1962	100	4	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1976	99	10	0
3 p.c. Non-Terminable	110	6	0
3 p.c. 1986 Con.	100	12	0
3 pc 1949-52	102	1	0
3 p.c. 1951-54	102	11	0
3 pc 1953-55	102	14	0
3 p.c. 1952	102	9	0
3 p.c. 1959-61	102	5	0
3 p.c. 1963-65	101	12	0
3 pc 1966-68	101	7	0
3 pc 1970-75	101	8	0
3-1/2 pc 1951-59	106	6	0
4 p.c. 1948-53	102	12	0
4 pc 1960-70	113	10	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1950-55	106	4	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1955-60	114	2	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-67	117	8	0

PROVINCIAL LOANS

2-3/4 p.c U. P. 1961	99	0	0
2-3/4 p.c. Madras 1961	99	2	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1958	102	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1955	102	0	0
4 p.c. Punjab 1949	99	8	0
3 p.c. Madras 1952-53	101	0	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1952	99	8	0
3 p.c. U. P. 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. C. P. 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. N. W. F. 1952	100	4	0
3 p.c. U. P 1961-66	101	2	0
3 p.c. Bombay Port Trust	113	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality City	113	0	0
5 p.c Bombay Municipality 1959	118	0	0
6 p.c. Bombay Municipality 1954	120	0	0
3-1/4 p.c. New Municipal 1977	102	4	0
5 p.c. K. P. T.	116	0	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Jan. 15.

The local cotton market was firm today on extensive short covering influenced by large option business and early end of cloth control.

At the opening March was quoted at Rs. 514 and advanced at Rs. 518/8 on increased buying but later reacted at Rs. 516/8 on moderate realising January delivery also after touching Rs. 530 level reacted at Rs. 527/8.

Later on there was further realising and March declined at Rs. 514/8. Today 150 Bales were tendered against January contract.

In the afternoon there was renewed buying and March advanced at Rs. 518/8. The market finally closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. Jan.	530	0	0
I.C.C. March	516	12	0
I.C.C. May	520	0	0
I.C.C. July	525	8	0
I.C.C. Sept.	528	12	0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, Jan. 14.

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing.
I.C.C. Jan.	521-1/2	520-1/2	521-2/2
I.C.C. March	503-1/2	506	507-3/4
I.C.C. May	512-1/2	511	511-1/2
I.C.C. July	518-1/2	517	517-1/2
I.C.C. Sept.	522	520-1/2	520-3/4

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton Market Contract is 1584 cent points below New York March at Exchange rate 331.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Jan. 15.

Tata Ordinary 375; Tata Deferred 1897/8; Indian Iron 36/6; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 32/1; Bombay Dyeing 1222/8; Central India 366; Gokak 348; Kohinoor 631/14; Simplex 241; Swadesi 670; Tata Power 1615; Associated Cement 187; Belapur 338/12; Bombay Burma (Old) 493/12; Scindia 30/10; Central Bank 96/4; New India 80/10; Tata 2nd Pref. 150.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

The following is the Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 9th January:—

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
CAPITAL:—	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	6,22,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts	286,93,67,000
Sundries	1,16,69,000
Total Rs.	299,95,36,000

ASSETS. Rs.

INVESTMENTS:— Government Securities	155,67,67,000
Other Authorised Investments	5,80,38,000
ADVANCES:— Loans	26,72,73,000
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	51,67,67,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	6,28,93,000
Dead Stock	1,54,01,000
Sundries	1,70,80,000
CASH:— In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India and with the Central Treasury in Rangoon	48,87,54,000
Balances with other Banks	1,65,43,000
Total Rs.	299,95,36,000

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Jan. 15.

Owing to Valan, no business was done in the local Bullion Market today. Nominal Silver quotation was Rs. 167/12 and Gold Rs. 106/12.

The market opened later with Silver quoted at Rs. 167/8 and Gold Rs. 106/12. There was scattered buying and Silver improved at Rs. 167/14 and Gold at Rs. 166/14. Later on there was some realising and the market closed as under:

Ready Silver	168	4	0
Forward Silver	167	0	0
Ready Gold	106	14	0
Forward Gold	106	9	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, January 15.

The Produce market was fairly steady today with moderate demand from shippers Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS:— Khandesh ready	Rs.	32	14	0
Bold ready		32	15	0
Bold December-January		32	15	0
Bold February-March		32	9	0
Oil January		18	3	0
Oil February		18	4	0
Oil March		18	5	0
CASTORSEEDS:— Ready		35	0	0
May opened		147	6	0
May highest		148	9	0
May lowest		147	6	0
May close		148	9	0
Oil First Pressing		22	12	0
Oil Com. Quality		20	10	0
LINSEED:— Ready		31	0	0
February-March		30	2	0
April-May		29	2	0
Oil		18	12	0

CALICUT MARKET.

CALICUT, Jan. 15.

Coiryarn Beypore 176/186; Quiland 190/200; Fibre Garbled 130; Ungarbled 120; Cocoanuts Raw 112/114; Dry 116/118; Copra Office 265; Dilpasand 295; Madrasnottam 295; Pepper Wynaad 825; Country 800; Dry Ginger Cherand 250; Ernad 230; Coffee Robusta 96; Timber Fall 50/56; Junglewood 27/30; Vellapine 45/50; Benteak 50/55; Teak 90/100; Manso Planks 2/12; Teak 12/15; Rosewood 10/17/8.

QUIET CONDITIONS ON WORTH STREET.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14. (U. P. A.): The Worth Street Cotton Cloth market was reported to have experienced a quiet today as traders awaited developments on the plan to import Japanese goods and the arrival of buyers for wholesale trade and garment cutters.

Brokers reported that bag manufacturers and coaters showed increasing interest in Japanese goods.

AMSTERDAM PEPPER PRICES.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 14. (U. P. A.): The pepper market remained steady today. White Batavia muntok, January-February was quoted at 255 guilders per 100 kilos and black Batavia lampong, January-February 245 guilders. Black afloat was quoted at 280 guilders. White Singapore muntok, January-February was quoted at 330 shillings per hundred weight and black Singapore lampong, January-February 223 shillings. Afloat was quoted at 230 shillings.

Persistent Liquidation In N. Y. Cotton Market

WALL STREET NARROWLY LOWER

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.

COTTON: Opening losses were attributed to scattered overnight liquidation. The market steadied on modest trade absorption and then resagged on light but persistent liquidation of hedges and Washington uncertainties, particularly the longterm export prospects under the Marshal plan. The slowness of the domestic textiles market with uncertainties in connection with importations of Japanese manufactured textiles contributed to the decline.

In the afternoon rallies of mill buying of near months encountered renewed selling evidently reflecting Washington uncertainties and possibly President Truman's message to Congress requesting power to ration scarce commodities, fix prices and regulate consumer credit. The market closed steady. Sales are estimated at 160,000 bales.

WALL STREET MARKET.

STOCKS: The small, fairly general, recovery at the outset failed to attract necessary follow through support and the market soon developed irregular tendencies in modest trading. Prices were mostly factions on either side or Tuesday with losses barely predominating. The averages were industrials 177.11 and rails 51.22. In the afternoon prices showed little change with the ticker tape frequently at a standstill. Most aircrafts, steels and department stores were among the issues able to register improvement today aided respectively by President Truman's air policy commission report advocating drastically increased appropriations for the airforce. Late trading produced no change in the net position with averages finishing narrowly lower. The market closed irregular.

CHICAGO GRAINS.

After early softness attributed to lack of commercial demand the market rallied briskly under the leadership of foodgrains with May oats reaching a new record high on buying stimulated by continued cold weather over most of the belt which is expected to increase feeding operations on farms and result in reduced country marketings.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Jan. 14.

January	35.50—21
March	35.70—31
March Highest	35.86—05
March Lowest	35.58—33
May	35.69—18
July	34.60—11
October	31.73—08
December	31.32—09
March	31.01—05
May	30.71—10
Middling Spot	36.56—20

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Jan. 14.

March	35.56—19
May	35.69—18
July	34.60—11
October	31.70—09
December	31.14—16
Middling Spot	35.45—20

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.

American Telephone and Telegraph	151-1/8
Amerex Holding Co.	27-1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	33-5/8
Chase National Bank	34-3/4
Sinclair Oil	17-1/8
Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co.	48-1/2
General Electric Co.	35-1/2
General Motors	56-1/2
Ingersol Rand bid	127
International Nickel	27-3/4
National City Bank of New York (ex. div.)	39
New York Central Rail Road Co.	14-3/8
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16-5/8
Texas Corporation	56-1/2
Union Carbon & Carbide	99-1/2
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	45
U. S. Steel Corporation (Common)	76-1/8
Western Union Telegraph	19-3/4

PROBING INTO MOGADISHU RIOTS

Inquiries Being Initiated From London

LONDON, Jan. 14 (Reuter)—Responsibility for the riots which occurred at Mogadishu, capital of the former Italian colony of Somaliland, will be probed during inquiries which are being initiated from London.

A full report on the fighting which broke out between a Somali Youth League procession and Italian and pro-Italian Somalies on Sunday, with a death roll of fortytwo Italians and eleven Somalis is being called for by the British Government.

What is not clear from the official British communique from Cairo on the disturbance is why the rioters had arms and why the Four-Power Commission recommended permitting the demonstration.

The whole incident sheds light on the difficulties the Commission is encountering. In territories where intensive propaganda to influence the future fate of the former Italian colonies is circulated, the Commissioners have to decide whether demonstrations should be prohibited or whether to permit them, in the knowledge that many lives may be lost in the process.

One fact which the reports now being called for in London, and the report to be drawn up by Four-Power Commission for the Foreign Minister Deputies will have to bring to light is the allegation of local responsibility for the affair.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Jan. 14. (Reuter). The first day of the new account brought firmness to firmness of the stock markets as the result of numerous small buying orders. Among industrials transport service motors, tobaccos, textiles all recorded widespread gains with Thomas tilling two shillings higher at ninetytwo shillings.

The oil section featured British Borneo with a rise of around three shillings at 43 shillings and nine pence, the buying prompted by strong rumours of a possible takeover by the Shell Dutch fractionally harder.

Mines attracted attention with selective demand from the cap for Kaffirs. Coopers and Diamonds, the latter improving on increased prices for the stones and good sales prospects for this year.

Giltedged securities were rather left in the gold and occasionally shed fractions; consol two and a halves were quarter lower at eightytwo and a half. The last few minutes of trading were enlivened by talk of devaluation of sterling and apart from giltedged securities, sharp gains were registered in the excited market.

United Molasses were two shillings higher at fiftythree shillings and Imperial Chemicals one and six higher at fiftyone and six.

NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14. (U. P. A.): The black pepper market saw higher prices in the primary markets and scaling down on the Indian crop estimates. Futures closed unchanged with no sales reported. In the spot market, sale of one contract of 15 tons was reported at 43 cents per pound although shippers' prices were reported to be 45-1/2 for February-March and March-April positions. With the tight Indian situation, traders looked for deferred deliveries to strengthen with the possibility that futures might eventually go to carrying charge.

White muntok remained unchanged at 60 cents nom.

Closing prices included: January 42 nom.; March 40.50 bid; May 39 bid; July 37 bid; September-October-December 35.

Lampong was quoted at 45-45-1/2 and muntok at 60 nom.

Prices of other seeds remained unchanged.

LONDON PEPPER EXTREMELY FIRM.

LONDON, Jan. 14. (U. P. A.): The pepper market remained extremely firm in London today with white quoted nominally at 3 and black at 2/12—1/2, though there were no buyers at these rates.

The firmness was attributed partly to short covering from India and partly some improvement in U. S. markets.

LONDON BULLION.

London, Jan. 14.

Silver Spot 45 d., Forward 44-3/4 d. Gold £8/12/3.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Jan. 14.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 pc	93-1/2
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 pc 1961	106-1/4
War Loan 3-1/2 pc 1952 and after	103-5/8
Funding Loan 4 pc 1960/90	113-1/4
Victory Bonds 4 pc	115-1/4
Chartered Bank of I. A and China	11-9/16
Honkgong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.) (ex. div.)	120-1/2
National Bank of India	38-3/4

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 9928.

NEW YORK SILVER.

New York, Jan. 14.

U. S. Price of Foreign Silver 74-5/8 cents.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.

March 3.11-1/4 to 3.11-1/4.
May 3.02-1/2 to 3.02.
July 2.69-1/4 to 2.69.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, Jan. 14.

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. C. L. 137/6 Mar.-Apl. quoted.

We Must Struggle Together To Retain Freedom

IFTIKHARUDDIN SUGGESTS COALITION MINISTRIES IN BOTH DOMINIONS

Gandhiji's Fast Symbolises Our Failure To Solve Our Problems, He Asserts

LAHORE, Jan. 14 (A.P.I.): Referring to Mahatma Gandhi as "one of the greatest men that ever lived" Mian Iftikharuddin, President of the West Punjab Muslim League, declared here today: "Mahatma Gandhi's fast raises serious political questions and is symbolic of our failure to solve them." He added, "We must look for practical remedies to cure the present disease of hatred, cruelty and barbarity."

The former President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee suggested the formation of coalition ministries and exchange of officials and goodwill missions between India and Pakistan. He also called for the "liberation" of the people of the states from the "autocratic rule" through recognised democratic methods.

Mian Iftikharuddin said the root cause of our troubles today was "the autocratic rule of the Indian Princes over 80 million of our people and communal prejudices which deny real freedom to minorities in every zone of India and Pakistan."

Unless our leaders and the organisations which professed to fight for the ideals of freedom and democracy realised that their work remained incomplete, what was so far achieved might be undone, he added.

The League leader further said, "No state in itself is geographically or culturally a separate unit deserving to be treated independently from the rest of the Indian sub-continent. Feudal rule of the princes cannot be justified there any more than the British rule could be justified over us.

It is therefore the duty of the same leaders who overthrew the yoke of foreign imperialism to liberate the people of the states. They should sit together to devise means whereby the will of the people in these states can be allowed to be exercised through recognised democratic methods.

COMMON PROBLEM

If the question of the people of all the states is treated as one common problem the differences that arise today in our ranks on the question of the allegiance of any particular state to one dominion or the other will be solved and the people of each state will go where their interests are best served and their aspirations are best satisfied."

Secondly, if our leaders sit together and decide to give equal rights to the minorities in each dominion, and set up coalition ministries in each and every province of Pakistan and Hindustan, the lost faith of the minorities in these governments will be regained and even though it may seem impossible, people may gradually begin to return to their homes.

Goodwill missions, exchange of officials, establishment of joint committees to see that justice is done to each section will further help in the restoration of friendly relations.

Mian Iftikharuddin said, "Let the peoples of all communities, therefore, persuade their leaders to take practical steps in the solution of the problem that has been brought to the forefront by Mahatma Gandhi's fast and let them realise that the present disturbances and difficulties are a result of our having left incomplete the task of achieving real freedom and democracy for each and every section of the people of this land."

Concluding the Punjab League President said: It was a misfortune that we struggled separately for our freedom against British domination. It is now a necessity that we should struggle unitedly to retain it.

WE WANT PEACE WITH INDIA. BUT WILL FIGHT AGGRESSION

Liaquat Ali Appeals For Unity Of Frontier Tribes

LAHORE, Jan. 14. (API): The Prime Minister of Pakistan, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, who is on a visit to the Frontier said here today that the Pakistan Government had decided to win over the tribal people by the force of Islamic fraternity and not by guns and canons.

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan who was replying to an address of welcome given to him by the citizens of Peshawar said that the withdrawal of Pakistan forces from the tribal territory had been carried out in pursuance of a well considered policy of the Pakistan Government to regard the tribesmen as an integral part of the State, and to grant them equal rights and privileges with the people of Pakistan, the tribal people, said Mr. Liaquat Ali, had played as important a role in the achievement of Pakistan as any other Muslims and therefore they could not be treated as a separate entity.

"The tribal people are flesh of our flesh and they shall be co-barers in all our schemes for the economic and political uplift of our people", he said. Mr. Liaquat Ali assured the people of the Frontier that the N.W.F.P. would be treated on equal footing in all respects with other provinces in Pakistan."

KASHMIR ISSUE

Referring to Kashmir, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan said that every Muslim in Pakistan had full sympathy with their Kashmir brethren From the very beginning it had been the policy of the Pakistan Government not to take any steps that would give rise to a controversy between Pakistan and India. "We want the friendship of India" he declared, and we shall always pursue that policy, but when a self-respecting nation is forced to fight for its honour and independence and defend itself against aggression, it shirks no sacrifice. If Pakistan is ever attacked from any direction we shall fight with all the might and resources at our disposal."

The Prime Minister of Pakistan then referred to the Muslims in India and called upon the Frontier people to extend sympathetic and kindly treatment to Muslim refugees. "Muslims in Indian Union", he said, "have made far greater sacrifices than ourselves. They supported the demand for Pakistan knowing full well that they would receive no share in the price but believing that it was in the interest of the Muslim nation to support the cause".

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan concluded by appealing for unity and solidarity among Frontier people and said, "If we create solidarity and a sense of sacrifice among us, Pakistan will live for ever."

Replying to questions Sir Zafrullah said the Pakistan delegation proposed to take the position that all these problems and other differences that are disturbing the relations of Pakistan and India shall be dealt with together so that friendly relations can be restored between the two countries.

"Pakistan is anxious that this takes place as early as possible. I have proposals but it will be for the Security Council to decide on a just basis."

Sir Zafrullah was asked whether he foresaw political unity between India and Pakistan. He replied: "events that have happened since last August have made it impossible for the two to be united again politically."

Sir Zafrullah said he would propose a plebiscite for Kashmir provided it can be held under conditions in which no kind of pressure is put on the people of Kashmir and provided that the people who have gone into Kashmir from outside, including the troops of the Indian Union are cleared out and that the people of Kashmir who have been expelled or forced to leave are restored to their homes."

"Impossible For Two Dominions To Unite"

NEW YORK, Jan. 15. (Reuter): Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, Pakistan Foreign Minister, who reached here last night to attend today's meeting of the Security Council as representative of Pakistan in the hearings on the Kashmir dispute, gave reporters a "step by step" statement on relations between India and Pakistan.

"The Kashmir question is part of a bigger whole—it is a link in a chain" he said. "The whole chain has to be dealt with. The chain comprised of a series of events that has taken place since the partition of India was decided upon.

"The first part of the tragedy as I might describe it was an extensive campaign of genocide directed against the population of East Punjab and the States in and around East Punjab.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED

The net profits of the Central Bank of India Limited for the year ended 31st December, 1947, subject to audit, including the sum of Rs. 20,52,535-5-8 brought forward from the previous year's account, amounted to Rs. 1,70,46,648-14-8 which the Directors have disposed of as follows:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
An ad-interim dividend was paid for the half year ended 30th June 1947 at the rate of Rs. 1|8|- per share i.e. 12% per annum free of income-tax on 12,56,827 shares	18,85,2		
Amount transferred to Contingency Fund	35,00,00		
Amount provided For Taxation	60,00,00		
Bonus to Staff	13,20,00		
	Rs. 1,27,05,240		
The Balance of Rs. 43,41,208-14-8 the Directors propose to dispose of as follows:—			
To pay a Final Dividend for the half year ended 31st December 1947 at the rate of Rs. 2|- per share i.e. 16% per annum free of income-tax on 12,56,849 shares taken upto 31-12-1947 (making in all 14% per annum for the whole year)	25,13,698	0	0
To carry forward to next year's account	18,27,510	14	8
	Rs. 1,70,46,648	14	8

MUTT AND JEFF—Oh Well, It's A Lake Shore Hotel Anyway

By BUD FISHER

WAITER, I WANT YOU TO BRING ME A NICE FISH DINNER! IT'S GOTTA BE FRESH!
YESSIR!
I WANT BASS! STRIPED BASS! AND IT'S GOTTA BE FRESH!
YES SIR!
DON'T FORGET IT'S GOTTA BE FRESH!
YES, SIR!
?

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Middle aged European desires to marry Indian or European. Applications in confidence may be sent to Box No. 7928, "Bombay Chronicle."

Professor, M.Sc., Deshastha Brahmin, 29, Invites correspondence from Graduate Virgins, (Virgin Widows also may write). View Marriage. Post Box 3620, Bombay 4. (7915A)

Rationalist Double Graduate Youth (27) invites Matrimonial Correspondence from suitable virgins, preferably Maharashtrian. Apply Box No. 7942, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Wanted a suitable match for a Brahmin girl of 17 years, knowing music and well cultured belonging very well to do family of U.P. caste restriction but the boy's must be vegetarian. Only financially very well Apply Box No. 4. Chronicle."

Beautiful Gujrathi Graduate girl age 21, Rich invites marriage proposals. Apply Post Box 4014, Bombay—7. (7892A)

Suitable Match for two Sunni Muslim virgin girls, ages 18 and 19, healthy, beautiful, college education and belonging to very respectable rich U.P. Muslim family. Correspondence strictly confidential. Apply Box No. 7920, "Bombay Chronicle".

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Wanted immediately a full time Doctor for a Mill at Thana. Salary according to qualifications and experience. Apply to Box No. 6883 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Organising Managers to work up existing branches all over India. Best terms to right men Fidelity insurance bond or good bank reference essential. Apply Box No. 7913 "Bombay Chronicle."

Required a Bank Secretary Stenographer, age about 40 years: pay according to qualifications: Gentleman or Lady: no caste restrictions. Apply or meet personally to Chairman, The Jwala Bank Limited Jwala Palace, Borivli. (6851)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

A New Batch for New Year— Davar's College of Commerce—Join immediately New Classes started this month for Specialised Courses in Company Secretaries, Banking, Accountancy and General Commerce, etc. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. (7941)

Learn Journalism, Story Writing, Masterly English, Accountancy, Shorthand, D. Com. Commercial Courses by Post. Associated Schools, Delhi. 7910

MEDICAL ADLETS

"Amrita Malam". A Wonderful Medicine for Gangrene and Leprosy, Rs. 12|8 per phial. V.P. charges extra. Menaka Depl. 19 S.N. Banerji Rd., Calcutta. (5462D)

INVESTMENT.

Various kinds of 6 to 7½ per cent. Tax Free Pref. Shares of Tea and others are available for sale. Enquire Sterling Investment Co., 1, British Indian Street, Calcutta. 5581

DELIVERY VAN FOR SALE

1½ ton Dodge delivery Van for Sale. Please write to Box No. 501 "Bombay Chronicle."

ASTROLOGY

Your General Life Reading—Rs. 5/- 6 Questions—Re. 1|8; One year Reading Rs. 3/- Test Character-ding As. 10/-; Send Horoscope te of birth or time of birth ng time of letter. No consultations. Try and nced. Astral Home, 29, niagar St., Chingleput. (7904)

BUSINESS OFFERS

Blue Diamond and Ever- Pens are offered for Sale in nterested parties may con-ndian National Agency, 174, on Road, Calcutta. (6900)

ndertake metal pressing of all at competitive rates giving pt service. Apply Atlas Metal ngineering Works, 348, Vithai-i Patel Road, Bombay (7927)

mported English Biscuits offered from fresh stock Huntley & Palmers, Peak Freans Carr, Macfarlane and Gray & Dunn. Parties interested in part or in lot please contact Indian National Agency, 174, Harrison Road, Calcutta. (6900A)

FINANCE & PARTNERSHIPS

Running Profitable business in Fort Area seeks Financial Partner for expansion. Guarantee of profit for investment by the Advertiser. Interested Please contact Box No. 7945. "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

For Company Registration and other Company matters write Box No. 7817, "Bombay Chronicle".

PUBLIC NOTICES

ORDER.

Civil Supplies Department, Bombay Castle, 14th January 1948

No. 11 (7)-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (XXIV of 1946) READ with the Government of India, Department of Food, Notification No. PY-603(2)/I, dated the 21st October 1946, and in supersession of Government Order in the Finance Department (Supply), No. 11(7)-I dated the 4th January, 1946, the Government of Bombay is pleased, with the previous concurrence of the Central Government, to make, the following Order, namely:—

(1) No person shall remove by road, rail, sea or air any of the articles specified in the schedule hereto appended (hereinafter referred to as the said articles) from any place within the limits of Greater Bombay (hereinafter referred to as the said area) to any other place in the Province of Bombay outside the said area except under and in accordance with a licence granted by the Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay, or any other person authorised by him in this behalf;

Provided that nothing in this Order shall apply to the removal of—

(i) Any of the said articles by or on behalf of Government or under and in accordance with Military Credit Notes, or

(ii) cooked articles of food prepared out of any of the said articles, by a 'bona fide' traveller for consumption during journey.

(2) The prohibition contained in this Order shall also apply to the said articles removed through the limits of the said area from any place beyond the said area to any other place beyond the said area.

(3) Any court trying a contravention of any of the provisions of this Order may, without prejudice to any other sentence it may pass direct that any stocks of the articles in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the Order has been contravened shall, together with any receptacles in which they are contained and coverings in which they are packed, be forfeited to His Majesty.

SCHEDULE.

1. Jowar, jowar flour;
2. Bajri, bajri flour;
3. Nachni, nachni flour;
4. Rice, paddy, rice products
5. Barley, barley in the husk, barley flour, barley bran barley products;
6. Wheat, wheat flour, atta, maida, rava, suji, bran, bread (baker's bread or loaf) any other wheat products;
7. Maize and maize products (excluding maize starch).

By order of the Governor of Bombay, D. S. BAKHLE, Secretary to Government.

(6910)

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED by the Directorate General, Dates Association, for supplying Dates Packing Materials comprising wooden boxes, box assembling nails, iron hoops, hooping nails, waxed or oiled kraft paper and cellophane paper.

Quotations from Iraq and abroad should be submitted by Registered Post in sealed covers to the Directorate General, Dates Association, Baghdad, duly marked "Tender for supplying Dates Packing Materials."

Tender's period shall be closed at the end of office hours on 29th February, 1948.

Details of tender showing specifications and quantities of materials required together with the terms of tender can be obtained free of charge on application to the Directorate General, Dates Association, Baghdad or Basrah, and the Royal Iraq Consulate General, 203, Walkeshwar Road, Malabar Hill, Bombay 6. (6916)

WANTED.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a Typist Clerk in the District Health Officer, Nasik in the grade of Rs. 40-5/2-80, plus Rs. 10/- additional pay at present and dearness allowance sanctioned by the Government. The applicant must be at least Matriculate with some office experience and not more than 25 years of age on 1-2-1948 for those without approved war service. Applications should reach the District Health Officer, Nasik before 24th Jan. 1948. 6919

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites tenders for Printing, Binding and Supplying the G. I. P. Railway Goods Tariff Part II-A and II-B separately. Forms of tender are obtainable from the Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy per part, not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. Closing date 5th February, 1948 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) (6908)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents for Sale of Film Company Shares on pay of Rs. 200/- per month. Apply Tawar Bros., Contractors, Shindekurbet. Dist. Belgaum. (7930)

Wanted Agents for our Superior Pearl and Nut Buttons on decent commissions. The Krishna Button Mfg. Co., 24, Ratan Sarkar Garden Street, Calcutta. 7 (7890)

Wanted Agents or Stockists for our pearl horn and Nut Buttons. The Luxmi Buttons Mfg. Co., 3 Jogendra Kaviraj Row, Calcutta, 7. (7889)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of ASSISTANT ENGINEER METERS in the grade of Rs. 250-275-350-25-400|2-500, the usual dearness allowance with a conveyance allowance of Rs. 75/- per month subject to the maintenance of a motor car. The applications stating age, educational and technical qualifications, experience, minimum salary acceptable and the position last held must reach the undersigned not later than 31-1-1948.

Minimum qualifications required are:—

(a) A degree or diploma of a recognised University in India or abroad. Preference will be given to candidate who is a Corporate Member of any Chartered Institution.

(b) Not less than 10 years experience of testing and maintenance of electricity and water meters of all descriptions and measuring instruments in an up-to-date laboratory of a large supply undertaking.

Selected candidates may be called for interview at their own expense.

J. D. GULICK, O.B.E., Electrical Engineer, New Delhi Municipal Committee. 6882

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

C.C. Suit No. 1422 of 1947.

Messrs. INDO TEXTILE AGENCY, a firm, carrying on business at Tamba Kanta, without the Fort of Bombay .. Plaintiffs.

vs.

KALIA BROS., a firm, carrying on business at Khara Kuva, Bhuleshwar, without the Fort of Bombay .. Defendants.

To,

Messrs. MOHANLAL AND SONS, Kapur Mansion, Hughes Road, Bombay.

TAKE NOTICE that this suit has been filed by the Plaintiffs against the Defendants for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 1,46,940-2-0 with interest thereon at 6% per annum from the 7th December, 1946, till Judgment costs of the suit and interest on Judgment at 4% per annum till payment in respect of a contract entered into between the Plaintiffs and the defendants. The defendants claim that the following questions and|or issues should be determined not only as between the Plaintiffs and the Defendants but as between the Plaintiffs and the defendants and yourselves:—

(a) Whether the goods sought to be delivered by the said Messrs. Mohanlal and Sons to the defendants and by the defendants to the plaintiffs firm under the said Delivery order were the goods agreed to be sold by the said Messrs. Mohanlal and Sons to the defendants and by the defendants in their turn to the plaintiffs or were goods not in accordance with the contracts between the said parties.

(b) Whether the plaintiffs and in their turn the defendants became entitled to refuse to take delivery of the said goods.

(c) Whether in the event of the Plaintiffs succeeding in obtaining a decree against the defendants in respect of the amount of Rs. 1,16,500/- claimed in the suit the Third Party are liable to pay to the defendants the amount of Rs. 86,109-4-0 with interest thereon at 6 per cent per annum from 7th December, 1946, till judgment and the amount of Rs. 30,497-8-0 as and by way of damages for the breach of the said contract by the 3rd party being the amount of difference between the contract price and market price of the said goods at the date of the breach and costs of the suit as also costs incurred by the Defendant in defending the said suit and the costs of the 3rd party proceedings.

AND TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that if you wish to be heard on the said questions and|or issues or to dispute the defendants liability to the plaintiffs or your liability to the defendants you must cause an appearance to be entered for you within eight days from the service of this Notice.

IN DEFAULT of your so doing you will be deemed to admit the validity of the above claim and bound by any decision or judgment arrived at or given in this suit on the said questions and|or issues and to admit any consequent liability of yourselves and judgment may be given against you and enforced pursuant to the Rules of this Hon'ble Court.

Dated this 18th day of December, 1947.

(Sd.) S. E. ENGINEER, For Prothonotary & Senior Master.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYAN IYER.

This 18th day of December, 1947.

(Sd.) NANU HORMASJEE & CO., Attorneys for the Defendants. (6911)

PUBLIC NOTICES

M. & S. M. RAILWAY

GRAINSHOP ORGANISATION

IN VIEW of possible Government decontrol of cereals Growers, producers and merchants are invited to apply for registration in the "List of recognised and Established Suppliers" to undertake supplies of the undermentioned commodities.

		Approximate monthly requirements in tons. Madras Presidency.	Bombay Presidency.
1.	Wheat	400	300
2.	Jowar (Jola)	50	500
3.	Ragi	100	..
4.	Bajra (Cambu)	..	100

This is not a tender, but a request to register their names, so that if, and when decontrol is decided upon, tender forms can be sent to recognised and registered dealers.

Reply to Dy. General Manager (GS), M. & S. M. Railway, Park Town, Madras. (6912)

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY—TENDER.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, B.B. & C.I. Rly. Mahalaxmi, Jacob Circle, Bombay No. 11 will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 11 A.M. on Monday 26th instant for printing and supplying the following:—

1.	S.N. 111 B—Parcel Way Bill ticket book "To Pay" Blank.	12,000
2.	G.S. 4 B—Sale book of commodities	3,500
3.	T 76 B — Combined Service and Paid Telegram Book.	1,30,000
4.	T 232 F—Tag label blank.	30,00,000

For the first three items paper will be supplied by the Railway. For the last item the Presses will have to use their own paper.

Samples can be seen in the office of the Controller of Stores, Mahalaxmi or the Superintendent of Stores, Ajmer, from whom a copy of the tender giving the necessary particulars may be obtained. (6913)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. BHAICHAND MULCHAND MEHTA of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. All persons having any claim of any sort against the said property are requested to notify the same in writing to the undersigned at their office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days. In default the claim, if any, will be deemed to have been waived and sale completed.

SCHEDULE

ALL that piece of land, containing an area of two thousand square yards or thereabouts, situate on and being plot No. 23 of the Worli Estate of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, situate at Worli Road in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, bearing New Survey No. 3344 and Cadastral Survey No. 747 of Worli Division bounded, on the North by plot No. 22A of the said estate agreed to be leased to Mrs. Nawazbanu M. A. Karanjawala and another and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 746 of the said Division on the East by plot No. 29 of the said Estate, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 754 of the said Division on the South partly by Plot No. 223B of the said Estate and partly by plot No. 23A of the said Estate both agree to be leased to J. B. Wadia and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1/747 of the said Division known as Maulana Abdul Gaffar Road together with all structures, messuages and tenements and the building known as Fikco Cottage standing thereon and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "G" Ward Nos. 163 (1) and E 163 (1) AA and Street Nos. 87 and 65A.

Dated this 14th day of January, 1948.

AMBUBHAI AND DIWANJI, Purchaser's Attorneys. 6915

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that FRAMROZE HORMUSJI GHADIALLY of Bombay has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim whatsoever into or upon the same are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at 77, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to all unnotified claims and the same, if any, will be considered as relinquished and waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of Government land, bearing Plot No. 19 in Survey No. 85 of Versova of South Salsette Taluka of the Bombay Suburban District Registration Sub-District Bandra, admeasuring 3184 sq. yards or thereabouts together with buildings and out-houses standing thereon and bearing Versova Beach Sanitary Committee House No. 5 and bounded, on the East by Plot No. 16, on West by Plot No. 20 and on the North and South by Roads respectively and occupied by a tenant of the Vendor.

Dated this 14th day of January, 1948.

SHASTRI & CO. Purchaser's Attorneys. 6914

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

IN THE COURT OF SMALL CAUSES, CALCUTTA.

Suit No. 3898 of 1947.

1. Messrs. BAGREE ESTATES LTD., a Company with limited liabilities, having its Registered Office at No. 7, Lyons Range, Calcutta ..... Plaintiffs.

vs

1. Messrs. SHAH & CO., carrying on business at No. 71/1, Canning Street, Calcutta and also under the care of M/s. Jawhar & Co. at No. 29-31, Dhanji Street, Parsee Galli, 1st floor, Bombay. ..... Defendants.

Amount of claim—Rs. 752/- being the amount due to the plaintiffs by the defendants at Calcutta.

Last date for entering appearance before the Learned Registrar on the 10th February, 1948.

By order, etc., J. R. SEN GUPTA, Senior Superintendent. Small Cause Court, Calcutta. The 12th January '48. (6929)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that JASWANTIBAI PREMCHAND wife of Chhotalal Hemchand of Bombay and Rajkot Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any claim right, title and interest whatsoever against in or upon the said property in any manner whatsoever are hereby requested to give notice thereof in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 65, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, failing which the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim interest or demand howsoever and the same (if any) shall be treated and considered as having been waived and abandoned.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage tenement and dwelling house standing thereon lying at foot of the Malabar Hill containing by admeasurement 547 square yards and forming portion of a large piece of ground belonging to the said Dorabji Pallanji Vasuwalla and Edulji Pallanji Vasuwalla and Registered by the Collector of Land Revenue along with other land hereditaments to the said Dorabji Pallanji Vasuwalla and Edulji Pallanji Vasuwalla under Pension and Tax No. 156 New Survey Nos. 7288 and 7289 which said ground is situate on the North side of Malabar Hill Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and is bounded, on the East by the property of the said Dorabji Pallanji Vasuwalla and Edulji Pallanji Vasuwalla, on or towards the West by the property of Tapidas Virjidas, on or towards the North by the property of Sadanand Mukunji and on or towards the South by the said Malabar Hill Road and the said piece of land is assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 156 New No. 1A/1451 Old Survey No. 17 and New Survey No. 2A/7288 and by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward No. 2489(2) and 2497 and Street Nos. 523 and 525-529, and bearing C. S. No. 158 of Malabar and Cumballa Division.

Dated this 15th day of January, 1948.

MOHILE & PAREKH, Purchaser's Attorneys. (6918)

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You want to be without worry, so does everybody. With high prices, black-marketing, corruption and heaps of slogans, you cannot obtain peace. It is high time for a real tonic, and the best is Vinkola.

It's right for Jill
And brother Bill
It's right for Daddy too:
If Wright's is right
for all of us
It must be right
for you!

WRIGHT'S IS RIGHT for EVERYONE!

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LEAD THE FASHION

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MODINAGAR, U.P.

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Hassan Chamber, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

Agents: Messrs. CADEL & CO., P. O. Box No. 179, Hyderabad (Dn.)

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